MRL assessment process

GAP determined and residues assessed

Usually through ACVM registration or variation applications

MRL

request

received

 Can also be received as a stand-alone MRL request (e.g. for import MRLs)

- Good Agricultural Practice (GAP) set by efficacy and safety data
- efficacy and safety data relevant to NZ use pattern, target crop/species & conditions, and WHP(s) based on residue data
- MRLs based on NZ GAP at the WHP:
 - **Plants:** food from treated crops
- (e.g. for import MRLs)
 Animals: meat, fat, liver, kidney, milk, and eggs in treated animals (for vet meds, and for ag chemicals when treated crops are used as animal feed)

Dietary intake estimate calculated

- The National Estimated Daily Intake (NEDI) is calculated using MRLs from all VM and AC approved uses and NZ mean food consumption data
- NEDI then compared to the established Health Based Guidance Value (HBGV)
- MRLs are acceptable if NEDI from all uses is less than or equal to 100% of the HBGV

Trade risk assessment conducted

- International MRLs reviewed to ensure MRLs can facilitate trade
- Ag Chemicals:
 Codex and Australia
- Vet Medicines:
 Codex, Australia,
 Canada, China, the
 EU, Japan, and the
 US
- Both: Other regions considered as needed
- MRLs are set to align where possible while still supporting NZ GAP, especially with Codex

Proposed MRLs reviewed, risks remain and GAP adjustment not possible

Proposed MRLs

reviewed, all risks

managed

Proposed MRLs

reviewed, trade or

dietary intake risks

remain

No MRLs set, product or new use cannot be approved

Haumaru Kai Aotearoa

Reassess GAP and adjust as needed

Final MRLs

proposed

in the next

round

MRL Notice amendment process

Proposal finalised for consultation

Consultation

•Proposals compiled into a consultation document listing the amendment rationale, GAP, residue information, and dietary risk for each compound

•Director review before release

•Domestic consultation via website

 International consultation via WTO notification

•60 working days

Analysis of submissions

•Reviewed with further consultation as needed

•International submissions involve MPI Bilateral Relations and Trade team Final Notice prepared for approval under the Food Act

Submission

and reviewed

Finalisation of

summary of

approved

amended Notice,

submissions, and

decision maker:

recommendation to

MRLs are set where

responses drafted

MRL finalisation

•MRLs come into force at date on Notice

•Minister notified of Notice finalisation

•Revised Notice tabled in Parliament and gazetted

•Information collection and data review starts for the next MRL round

Usually 4-6 months

New Zealand Food Safety

Haumaru Kai Aotearoa