

**OMARs with an uncertain status**

These OMARs have not been used for a significant period of time. Therefore the requirements may have changed without the Ministry for Primary Industries knowledge.

If an exporter can provide the current import conditions, and the requirements still match, the certificate and the OMARs will be moved back into the published list of export certificates and OMAR's.

# **Overseas Market Access Requirements Notification - Animal Products Act 1999 – MAF Biosecurity New Zealand**

Ref: AE-US 45L

Date: 13 April 2010

## **OMAR B ZOOKIWEC.USA – ZOOLOGICAL KIWI TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**

### **1. Statutory authority**

Pursuant to section 60 of the Animal Products Act 1999:

(i) I notify the following overseas market access requirements, entitled zoological kiwi to the United States of America.

This notice takes effect from date of signing.

Dated at Wellington this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of April 2010.

Signed: Matthew Stone BVSc MACVSc MVS (Epidemiology)  
Group Manager  
Animal Imports and Exports  
Border Standards Directorate  
MAF Biosecurity New Zealand  
(pursuant to delegated authority)

### **2. The United States of America Requirements**

Zoological kiwi exported from New Zealand to the United States of America must comply with the import requirements of the United States of America listed in this notice as follows:

2.1 An Official Veterinarian authorised by the New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry must certify, after due enquiry, the following:

2.1.1 New Zealand is free from Newcastle disease (ICPI>0.2) and notifiable avian influenza (NAI).

The kiwi for export has not been vaccinated with any Newcastle disease vaccine.

2.1.2 No evidence of chlamydiosis or other communicable disease of poultry has been found in the source flock(s), at the premise(s) of origin.

2.1.3 As far as can be determined, the source flock(s) at the premises of origin has not been exposed to chlamydiosis or other communicable disease of poultry during the 90 days immediately preceding the exportation.

2.1.4 Neither the premises where the source flock(s) of origin has been kept, nor any adjacent premises, have been under any kind of quarantine for poultry diseases during the preceding 90 days of export.

2.1.5 The kiwi has/have been placed in an unused container(s) for shipment to the US, at the premises from which the kiwi has/have been kept / housed for the previous 90 days.

### **3. Definitions**

For the purposes of this document:

Any term or expression that is defined in the Animal Products Act 1999 and used, but not defined in this document, has the same meaning as in this Act.

#### ***Explanatory note***

*These overseas market access requirements are based on the export certificate for zoological kiwi to the United States of America dated 13 April 2010.*

**Additional Information on OMAR Notification: ZOOKIWEC.USA  
13.04.10**

1. This is a new export certificate. It is based on the *USDA Protocol for the Importation of Ratites into a US Zoo*. This certificate was approved by the USDA on 20 April 2010.
2. Prior to importation, the importer must apply for an APHIS Import Permit using application VS form 17-129. This application can be found on the APHIS website:  
  
[http://www.aphis.usda.gov/import\\_export/forms.shtml](http://www.aphis.usda.gov/import_export/forms.shtml)
3. The completed application may be faxed to 301-734-4704 or mailed to USDA APHIS Veterinary Services, 4700 River Road, Unit 39, Riverdale, Maryland 20737, USA.
4. The original Import Permit must travel with the shipment of kiwi.
5. The exporter/importer should contact the New Zealand Department of Conservation and the US Fish and Wildlife Agency to determine if a CITES certificate is required.
6. Zoological birds are defined as being intended for breeding or public display, for recreational or educational purposes, at a zoological park.

**Section 61.A of the Animal Products Amendments Act 2005 states that 'The Crown is not liable, and nor is the Director-General or any employee of the Ministry liable, for any loss arising through the refusal or failure of the relevant authority of an overseas market to admit export animal material or animal product to that market.'**