

## OMARs with an uncertain status

These OMARs have not been used for a significant period of time. Therefore the requirements may have changed without the Ministry for Primary Industries knowledge.

If an exporter can provide the current import conditions, and the requirements still match, the certificate and the OMARs will be moved back into the published list of export certificates and OMAR's.

# **Overseas Market Access Requirements Notification - Animal Products Act 1999 – Standards, Ministry of Agriculture of New Zealand**

Ref: AE-TH-19L

Date: 28 September 2009

## **OMAR B BIRDOCEC.THA 28.09.10 – POULTRY DAY-OLD CHICKS AND HATCHING EGGS TO THAILAND**

### **1. Statutory authority**

Pursuant to section 60 of the Animal Products Act 1999:

(i) I notify the following overseas market access requirements, entitled day-old chicks and hatching eggs to Thailand.

This notice takes effect from date of signing.

Dated at Wellington this 9<sup>th</sup> day of February 2011.

Signed: Matthew Stone BVSc MACVSc MVS  
Group Manager Animal Imports and Exports  
Import and Export Directorate  
Standards  
Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry  
(pursuant to delegated authority)

### **2. Thailand requirements**

Poultry day-old chicks and hatching eggs exported from New Zealand to Thailand must comply with the import requirements of Thailand listed in this notice as follows:

2.1 An Official Veterinarian authorised by the New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry must certify, after due enquiry, the following:

2.1.1 New Zealand is free from notifiable avian influenza, Newcastle disease, goose parvovirus, duck plague (duck viral enteritis), encephalitis associated with eastern equine encephalitis virus, western equine encephalitis virus, Highlands J virus, Israel turkey meningoencephalitis virus, West Nile virus and *Salmonella Pullorum*.

2.1.2 The source flock and/or hatchery has a programme of regular testing for *Salmonella Typhimurium* and *S. Enteritidis*. The source flock and/or hatchery have tested negative for *Salmonella Typhimurium* and *S. Enteritidis*.

2.1.3 The day-old chicks/hatching eggs have come from premises in which avian diseases are under control.

2.1.4 The day-old chicks/hatching eggs originate from source flocks continuously resident in New Zealand.

2.1.5 During the six (6) months immediately prior to the scheduled date of export, the premises of origin was free from clinical signs or other evidence of the following diseases:

Newcastle disease

Infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease)

Avian infectious bronchitis

Avian encephalomyelitis

Egg drop syndrome 76

*Mycoplasmosis* (*Mycoplasma gallisepticum* and *Mycoplasma synoviae*)

Marek's disease

Goose parvovirus infection

Viral arthritis

Infectious anaemia

Fowl cholera (*Pasteurella multocida*)

Salmonellosis and Pullorum disease

Duck virus hepatitis

Duck virus enteritis

Anatipestifer infection (*Riemerella (Pasteurella) anatipestifer*)

The day-old chicks/hatching eggs have not been in contact or exposed to any of these diseases.

2.1.6 The hatchery is approved by an Official Veterinarian as meeting the relevant OIE standards for management, hygiene and disease control.

2.1.7 The hatching incubator was disinfected and fumigated prior to setting the fumigated eggs and hatching them.

2.1.8 The day-old chicks/hatching eggs were packed directly from the incubator into new unused boxes and had no contact with birds or eggs not of a similar health status.

2.1.9 The day-old chicks are fit to travel and free from signs of infectious or contagious disease including ectoparasites at the time of export.

### **3. Definitions**

For the purposes of this document:

Any term or expression that is defined in the Animal Products Act 1999 and used, but not defined in this document, has the same meaning as in this Act.

***Explanatory note***

*These overseas market access requirements are based the new export certificate for poultry day-old chicks and hatching eggs to Thailand dated 28 September 2009.*

## **Additional Information on OMAR Notification: BIRDOCEC.THA 28.09.09**

1. This OMAR is based on the export certificate which is based on the import condition on the Livestock Development Department (DLD) website for hatching eggs and day old chicks to Thailand, on 28<sup>th</sup> September 2009. It was approved for use by Thailand in November 2010.
2. In section I of the export certificate, generation refers to the stage of the consignment in the production from great-grandparent to broiler or layer. Intended usage refers to breeding, commercial layer or broiler.
3. It is the responsibility of the exporter to obtain the pedigree certificate which needs to accompany the hatching eggs or day-old chicks if they are being exported for breeding purposes.
4. Section IV clause 2.1.1: Notifiable avian influenza is defined in the 2009 OIE Animal Health Code i.e. an infection of poultry caused by any influenza A virus of the H5 or H7 subtypes, or by any AI virus with an intravenous pathogenicity index (IVPI) greater than 1.2 (or as an alternative at least 75% mortality).
5. Section IV clause 2.1.2: A regular program of testing involves drag swab samples being taken at least every six (6) weeks from the source flock and the hatchery prior to export.
6. Section IV clause 2.1.3: “Under control” is considered to be met if the premise has a registered veterinarian responsible for the health of the poultry on the premise and the premise is following an avian health programme to treat and prevent disease.
7. Section IV clause 2.1.6: The “OIE standards for management, hygiene and disease control” refers to the standard for hatcheries in the current Terrestrial Animal Health Code at the time of the export.
8. After arrival in Thailand the day-old chicks are subject to quarantine at approved premises for at least thirty (30) days, during which they shall be submitted to any tests and/or treatments deemed necessary. The importer/owner shall be fully charged for the incurred expenses.

9. In this OMAR ducks are included as poultry.

**Section 61.A of the Animal Products Amendments Act 2005 states that 'The Crown is not liable, and nor is the Director-General or any employee of the Ministry liable, for any loss arising through the refusal or failure of the relevant authority of an overseas market to admit export animal material or animal product to that market'.**