# **MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES**

# IMPORTING COUNTRIES PHYTOSANITARY REQUIREMENTS

# SULTANATE OF OMAN

# Status: Approved

Date: 28 October 2009

# EXPORTERS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM THE PHYTOSANITARY IMPORT REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO EXPORT FROM NEW ZEALAND

Amendment Record

Amendment No	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
<mark>5.</mark>	<mark>02 May 2017</mark>	Updated links to MPI website. Updated disclaimer, added table headings to tables and added fees and charges section 1.4. Removed Maximum Pest Limit (MPL), section 2.5. MPL is covered in the MPI Certification Standard and is not within the scope of the ICPR.	HK
4.	8 September 2014	Reformatted presentation of the amendment record to start with most recent amendment.Update of MAFBNZ to MPI (Ministry for Primary Industries) to reflect ministry name change.Section 1.1 updated with MPI Plant Exports contact details.Changed heading of section 2.7 to "MPI specified Maximum Pest	SM
		Limits" and sentence added to section 1.2 to clarify scope. New section added for wood packaging, section 2.12.	

		Re-formatted the pest list.	
3.	22 July 2010	Updated import conditions for frozen fruit and vegetables. Official correspondence Oman April 2010.	GI
2.	22 December 2009	Clarification of import requirements for fresh cut flowers.	GI
1.	28 October 2009	New ICPR. Regulations Sultanate (Royal) Decree No. 47/2004. Sultanate of Oman Agricultural Quarantine System. Addition of the commodity	GI
		specific import requirements for kiwifruit ( <i>Actinidia</i> spp.).	

### **DISCLAIMER**

The phytosanitary requirements in this document may be used as the basis for export certification. However, exporters should be aware that importing countries may change their requirements at any time; at short notice or without giving notice to New Zealand.

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Compliance with this document is not to be taken as a guarantee that any particular goods will be granted access to any overseas market. We recommend that exporters work with their importers to obtain the most up-todate information.

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	GENERAL INFORMATION	.5
1.1	For enquires about this ICPR email the Plant Exports Group:	.5
1.2	Scope	.5
1.3	Phytosanitary Legislation	.5
<mark>1.4</mark>	Fees and Charges	.6
2	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	6
2 2.1	Definitions:	
2.1	Prohibitions	
2.2	Phytosanitary Import Permits	
2.3	Phytosanitary Certificates	
2.5	Quarantine Pests	
2.6	Inspection on Arrival	
2.0	Sampling Rate	
2.8	Ports of Entry	
2.0	Transit Requirements	
2.9	Wood packaging	
2.10		
3	COMMODITY CLASS REQUIREMENTS1	
3.1	Fruit and Vegetables1	
	3.1.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables	
	3.1.2 Dried Fruit and Vegetables	
~ ~	3.1.3 Frozen Fruit and Vegetables	
3.2	Cut Flowers and Foliage1	
	3.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage	
3.3	3.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage	
3.3	3.3.1 Budwood/Cuttings	
	3.3.2 Bulbs/tubers/corms/rhizomes etc.	
	3.3.3 Whole Plants 14	
	3.3.4 Tissue Culture	14
3.4	Seeds, Grains and Nuts1	4
	3.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing	14
	3.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption	
	3.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing	
3.5	Growing and Packaging Media1	4
4	COMMODITY SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS	4
4.1	Fresh Fruit and Vegetables1	4
4.2	Cut Flowers and Foliage1	
	4.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage	15
	4.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage	
4.3	Nursery Stock1	
	4.3.1 Budwood / Cuttings	
	4.3.2 Bulbs / tubers / corms / rhizomes etc.	15
	4.3.3 Whole Plants 15	. –
4.4	4.3.4 Tissue Culture	
4.4	4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing	
	4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing	
	4.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing	
4.5	Growing Media and Packing Material1	
4.6	Microorganisms, Microbiologicals and Laboratory Specimens1	
4.7	Miscellaneous	

# **1** General Information

# **1.1** For enquires about this ICPR email the Plant Exports Group:

#### plantexports@mpi.govt.nz

To help Plant Exports process your email please record in the subject line of your email descriptive keywords which are relevant to your enquiry i.e. ICPR enquiry-Country-specific details.

For urgent enquiries phone or email Plant Exports

Telephone: + 64 4 894 5693

Email: <u>plantexports@mpi.govt.nz</u>

# 1.2 Scope

The requirements listed in this ICPR apply to product of New Zealand only, unless specifically stated.

As there are no New Zealand legislative requirements for certification of exported plant products, the technical phytosanitary requirements are determined by the importing country for plant produce being imported into their country. In this respect, ICPRs are the Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) summary of the importing country's legal requirements and thus forms a basis upon which export phytosanitary certification is provided.

Where an importing country operates on the basis of issuing import permits to their importers, the import permit conditions take precedence over any technical conditions contained in the MPI ICPR for that country.

This ICPR specifies Oman's phytosanitary requirements for the stated commodities only. If a commodity or commodity grouping is not identified within Section 3 or Section 4 exporters should contact:

The Sultanate of Oman directly in order to ascertain requirements;

or

## Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) – Plant Exports

Users of this document are strongly advised to review all sections of the ICPR for the determination of a commodity's phytosanitary requirements.

## 1.3 Phytosanitary Legislation

The following legislation controls the importation of plants and plant materials into Oman;

Sultanate (Royal) Decree No. 47/2004. Agricultural Quarantine System which revokes Decree 91/2000.

### 1.4 Fees and Charges

Please note that the determination and provision of phytosanitary requirements for a commodity not listed within the ICPR may be undertaken on a cost recovered basis. A link to the list of Plant Exports Fees and Charges is available on <a href="http://mpi.govt.nz/exporting/food/fruit-and-vegetables/fees-and-charges/">http://mpi.govt.nz/exporting/food/fruit-and-vegetables/fees-and-charges/</a>

# 2 General requirements

### 2.1 Definitions:

Table 1 Definitions	
General	Secretariat of the Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council
Secretariat	Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries
Minister	
The	General Directorate of Agriculture, Ministry of Agriculture and
Competent	Fisheries
Authority	
The Point of	Airports, sea or land border points identified as an entry point
Entry	for cargo and / or passengers
Inspector	The person who will be chosen in accordance with Article 4, paragraph 1.
Shipment	The quantity of plants, agricultural products and / or any other material subject to phytosanitary regulations that moved from one country to another and are covered by one phytosanitary certificate (the shipment may include one or more consignments).
Plants	Live plants or parts thereof including the seeds and genetic material.
Plant Products	Non-manufactured materials with plant origin (including the grain) and manufactured materials which could form, due to its nature or method of processing, threat of entry and spread of pests in the GCC countries.
Material Subject to Regulations of Phytosanitary	Any object or article that can harbour pests
Pest	Any type or breed or pattern of the vital organisms, animal or plant or any factor infecting or harming to plants or plant products.
Quarantine Pest	A pest of potential economic importance to the threatened region but does not yet exist in this region or existing but not widely spread and is subject to official fighting, as referred to in schedule (1).
Non Quarantine Pests which are subject to	Non quarantine pest, which, if exists in the plant that specified for cultivation, have an impact on the desired usage of plants, along with un acceptable economic impacts. Accordingly it was subject to the regulations referred to in schedule (2).

regulations	
Pests which	Any quarantine pest or pest subject to the regulations and not
are	subject to the Agricultural Quarantine.
subject to	
regulations	
Storage Areas	The place where the plants or plant products, or useful
Sillaye Aleas	
	organisms or materials that are subject to the regulations are
lla afril	kept or retained.
Useful	Any organism, including the fungi, bacteria, viruses, semi
Organisms	viruses organisms and invertebrates, which will be announced
	by the Minister as genuinely useful to the plant life or
	agricultural production in the Sultanate of Oman.
The Container	Box, bag or any thing the plant product may put in, which might
	carry plant pests during or after transferring.
Means of	Any vessel or aircraft, train or vehicle or hand-pulled cart or
Transport	container or animal or any thing transports plant or plant
	products or materials subject to regulations or plant pets or
	useful organisms or soil from one place to another.
Importer	Any natural or legal person, whether owner or consigner or
	consignee, or agent or broker or any other person who owns or
	has the right to own any of the plants or plant products or
	materials subject to regulations or plant pests or useful
	organisms or soil or packing materials which come from
	another country.
Owner	The owner or lessee or occupant of agricultural land includes
Owner	the driver and the means of transportation.
Docking	
Packing Material	Any material used for packing or containing plants or plant
	products or useful organisms, soil or plant pests.
Soil	Substance partially or wholly derived from the upper crust of the
	earth that can nourish plants.
Survey	Formal action being carried to determine the characteristics of
	gathering of pests or to identify species that appear in a region.
Control	A formal process for collecting and recording data on the
	presence or absence of the pest through scanning or
	monitoring or any other procedure.
Phytosanitary	A certificate designed in accordance with the exemplary
Certificate	certificate of the International Convention for Plant Protection.
Treatment	An official licensed procedure to kill pests or remove or sterilize
	them.
Eradication	Implementation of phytosanitary measures to get rid of the
	pests in a region.
Agricultural	Farms, gardens, forests, pastures and any place where plants
Land	may be cultivated.
Transit	Any shipment arrived in a country and its destination is another
Shipment	country. Such shipment will not be divided to smallest units. Its
Singinoin	container will not be changed in the first country.
Executive	Decisions issued by Minister of Agricultures and Fisheries for
Lists	implementation of the law of this article.
Quarantine	A place which is subject to Quarantine System, where pests
Area Quarantine	exist and officially being fight. Quarantine applied to the vehicle after its entry.

after Entry	
Pest Risk Analyses	Process of evaluation of vital evidences or the other economic process to determine whether a particular pest is subject to agriculture quarantine. Also determine the degree of phytosanitary measures to be carried.
Phytosanitary Measures	Any legislation or regulations or formal procedures designed to prevent the entry and / or spread of pests
Containment	The implementation of phytosanitary measures within or round the infected area to prevent the spread of the pests

## 2.2 Prohibitions

It is prohibited to import sand, soil, untreated and non-sterilized organic fertilizers.

#### 2.3 Phytosanitary Import Permits

#### Import permits:

An import permit is required for the import or transit of most shipments of plants and plant products.

Plants and plant products are exempted from an import permit if accompanied by passengers and not intended for cultivation or breeding or plant, but require a phytosanitary certificate, and shall be subject to inspection.

Permission to import plants, plant products, plant pathogens, useful organisms, or other things for the purpose of scientific research and experiments will be as per the conditions deemed necessary by the Minister to the Sultanate of Oman outlined in an import permit.

#### 2.4 Phytosanitary Certificates

All exports to Oman require phytosanitary certificates issued in accordance with the phytosanitary regulations of the concerned authority in the exporting country.

Plants and plant products are exempted from an import permit if accompanied by passengers and not intended for cultivation or breeding or plant, but require a phytosanitary certificate, and shall be subject to inspection.

#### 2.5 Quarantine Pests

#### Bacteria

Agrobacterium rhizogenes Clavibacter xyti var. xyli Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. Betae Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens Erwinia amylovora Pantoea stewartii pv stewartii (Erwinia stewartii) Pseudomonas phaseolicola Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae Xanthomonas campestris pv. glycines Xanthomonas campestris pv. Vasculorum Xanthomonas fragariae Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae Xylella fastidiosa Xylophilus ampelinus

# Fungi

Alternaria mali Apiosporina morbosa Armillaria mellea Botrytis allii Ceratocystis fimbriata f. sp. Platani Cercospora capsici Claviceps purpurea Coleosporium ipomoeae Colletotrichum graminicola Cytospora sacchari Deuterophoma tracheiphila Diaporthe helianthi Diaporthe phaseolorum var. calivora Endocronartium harknessii Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. alasidis Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis

#### Insect

Aceria sheldoni Aleurocanthus floccosus Aleurocanthus spiniferus Aleurocanthus woglumi Amauromyza maculosa Anarsia lineatella Anastrepha fraterculus Anastrepha ludens Anastrepha obligua Anastrepha serpentina Anastrepha suspensa Anthonomus grandis Araecerus fasciculatus Asterolecanium phoenicis bactrocera atrisetosa Bactrocera cucurbitae Bactrocera melanotus Bactrocera melonata Bactrocera minax Bactrocera tryoni Bactrocera tsuneonis Blitopertha orientalis Brevipalpus californicus Brevipalpus lewisi Bruchidius incarnatus Bruchus rufimanus Bryobia praetiosa Cacoecimorpha pronubana Carposina niponensis Cephus cinctus Cephus pygmaeus Cerambyx spp. Ceratitis rosa

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cubense Fusarium oxysporum f. sp.canariensis Glomerella gossypii Guignardia bidwellii Guignardia citricarpa Gymnosporangium asiaticum Gymnosporangium fuscum Gymnosporangium juniperi virginianae Monilinia fructicola Mycosphaerella fijiensis Mycosphaerella musicola Puccinia melanocephala Puccinia pittieriana Puccinia psidii Sclerophthora macrospora

Chilo suppressalis Chrysomphalus aonidum Cicadulina mbila Cosmopolites sordidus Cryptotermes spp. Cydia inopinata Cvdia molesta Cydia nigricana Cydia packardi Cydia pomonella Cydia prunivora Diaphorina citri Diaspidiotus perniciosus Diatraea saccharalis Eotetranychus lewisi Eotetranychus sexmaculatus Epitrix cucumeris Epitrix tuberis Eutetranychus banksi Eutetranychus orientalis Fiorinia iaponica Frankliniella fusca Gonipterus gibberus Grapholita molesta Helicoverpa zea Lepidosaphes beckii Lepidosaphes gloveri Lepidosaphes ulmi Leptinotarsa decemlineata Linepithema humile Liriomyza brassicae Liriomyza huidobrensis Lopholeucaspis japonica

Sclerotium cepivorum Septoria lycopersici var. malagutil Sphaceloma arachidis Spongospora subterranea Stenocarpella macrospora Stigmina carpophila Synchytrium endobioticum Tilletia controversa Tilletia indica Urocystis cepulae Ustilago maydis Ustilago scitaminea Venturia spp Verticillium albo-album Verticillium dahliae

Margarodes spp. Monochamus alternatus Monochamus carolinensis Mvndus crudus Naupactus leucoloma Oligonychus pratensis Opogona sacchari Panonvchus citri Panonychus ulmi Parabemisia myricae Parasaissetia nigra Pentalonia nigronervosa Penthaleus major Petrobia latens Phoracantha semipunctata Popillia japonica Premnotrypes spp. Prostephanus truncatus Quadraspidiotus perniciosus Rhagoletis pomonella Rhvnchophorus palmarum Rhynchophorus vulneratus Scirtothrips aurantii Scirtothrips citri Spodoptera eridania Spodoptera frugiperda Sternochetus mangiferae Thrips palmi Toxoptera ervtreae Trogoderma granarium Unaspis vanonensis Viteus vitifoliae Zeuzera pyrina

#### Nematode

Anguina tritici Aphelenchoides besseyi Aphelenchoides fragariae Bursaphelenchus xylophilus Globodera pallida

#### Phytoplasma

Apple decline Apple proliferation Apricot chlorotic leafroll Australian lucerne yellow Chat fruit Cherry albino Cherry blossom anomaly Grapevine flavescence doree Hydrangea virescence

### Viroid

Avocado sunblotch Chrysanthemum stunt Citrus exocortis

## Virus

Andean potato latent tymovirus Andean potato mottle virus Arabis mosaic nepovirus Banana bract mosaic potyvirus Banana bunchy top luteovirus = Abaca bunchy top virus Banana streak badnavirus Bean common mosaic potyvirus Bean golden mosaic bigeminivirus Bean pod mottle coronavirus Bean yellow mosaic potyvirus Beet necrotic yellow vein fluro virus Blueberry leaf mottle nepovirus Citrus leaf rugose ilarvirus Citrus leprosis rhabdovirus Citrus ringspot virus = Citrus psorosis virus Complex A and B Citrus tatter leaf capillovirus Citrus vein enation - woody gall Leteovirus disease

Globodera rostochiensis Heterodera spp Meloidogyne chitwoodi Meloidogyne fallax Nacobbus aberrans

Molleres disease Palm lethal yellowing Papaya bunchy top Papaya die back Peach red suture Peach rosette Peach x disease Peach yellows Pear decline

Coconut cadang-cadang Cucumber pale fruit Peach spindle tuber

Citrus yellow mosaic badnavirus Cowpea mild mottle carlavirus Garlic yellow streak poliovirus Grapevine fanleaf nepovirus Groundnut rosette assistor luteovirus Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus Pea seed-borne mosaic potyvirus Pea stunt virus + Red clover vein mosaic carlavirus Peach rosette mosaic nepovirus Peanut clump furovirus Peanut stripe poliovirus Plum pox potyvirus Potato mop top virus (furovirus) Potato yellow dwarf nuclear rhabdovirus Potato yellow mosaic geminivirus Potato vellow vein disease Raspberry ringspot nepovirus Rice black streaked dwarf fijivirus

Pratylenchus coffeae Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus Xiphinema americanum Xiphinema californicum

Potato purple top wilt Potato stolbur Rubbery Wood Strawberry Aster yellows Strawberry green petal Strawberry lethal decline Strawberry multiplier disease Strawberry witches broom Sugarcane grassy stunt

Potato spindle tuber

Rice hola blanca tenuivirus Rice tungro virus (Rice tungro bacilliform badnavirus; Rice tungro spherical waikavirus) Rice yellow mottle sobemovirus Strawberry latent C rhabdovirus Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus Strawberry vein banding Caulimovirus Sugarcane Fiji disease fijivirus Sugarcane mosaic potyvirus Sugarcane sereh disease Sugarcane streak mono geminivirus Tobacco leaf curl geminivirus Tobacco rattle virus Tomato bushy stunt tombusvirus Tomato ringspot nepovirus Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus

#### 2.6 Non-Quarantine Pests

Oman will not take action against the below Non-Quarantine pests.

#### Bacteria

Agrobacterium tumefaciens Citrus greening bacterium Clavibacter michiganensis pv. Insidiosus Clavibacter michiganensis pv. Michiganensis

<mark>02 May 2017</mark>

Clavibacter michiganensis pv. Sepedonicus Erwinia carotovora sub. sp. atroseptica Erwinia carotovora sub. sp. carotovora

# Fungi

Colletotrichum spp. Deuterophoma tracheiphila Phytophthora capsici

#### Insect

Aceria mangiferae All other fruit flies no mentioned in the guarantine pest list, section 2.5. All other leaf miners not listed in the guarantines pest list, section 2.5. Aonidiella aurantii Aonidiella citrina Aphis craccivora Aphis gossypii Aphis spiraecola Apomecyna lameerei Aulacophora africana Bactrocera ciliatus Bactrocera dorsalis Bactrocera oleae

#### Nematode

Ditylenchus destructor Ditylenchus dipsaci Helicotylenchus spp.

## Phytoplasma

Alfalfa phyllodes

## Virus

Alfalfa mosaic alfamovirus Barley stripe mosaic hordeivirus Citrus impletratura disease Citrus tristeza closterovirus Cucumber green mottle mosaic tobamovirus Cucumber mosaic cucumovirus Lettuce infectious yellows closterovirus Pseudomonas syringae pv. lachrymans Ralstonia solanacearum Streptomyces scabies Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. alfalfa

Phytophthora fragariae var fragariae Phytophthora infestans

Bactrocera vertebrates Bactrocera zonata Bemisia tabaci Campylomma impicta Carpomva vesuviana Carpomvia incompleta Carpophilus dimidiatus Carpophilus hemipterus Ceratisis capitata Conotrachelus nenuphar Cryphalus dilutes Frankliniella occidentalis Frankliniella schultzei Lipaphis erysimi Liriomyza sativae Liriomyza trifolii Macrocoma spp.

Meloidogyne spp. Pratylenchus spp. Radopholus citrophilus

Lime witches broom

Lettuce mosaic potyvirus Maize streak geminivirus Onion yellow dwarf potyvirus Papaya droopy necrosis virus Papaya mosaic potexvirus Papaya ringspot potyvirus Potato leaf roll luteovirus Potato X potyvirus Potato Y Potyvirus Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. citri Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. Mangiferaeindicae Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli

Megalurothrips spp. Myllocerus undecimpustulatus Myzus persicae Nipaecoccus viridis Ommatissus lybicus Oryctes spp. Perkinsiella saccharicida Phyllocnistis citrella Procontarinia matteiana Pseudaspidoproctus hypheniacus Pseudococcus spp. Rhopalosiphum maidis Rhynchophorus ferrugineus Scirtothrips dorsalis Sphenoptera arabica Spodoptera exigua Spodoptera litura

Radopholus similis Rotylenchulus reniformis Tylenchulus semipenetrans

Squash leaf curl bigeminivirus Squash mosaic comovirus Tomato mosaic tobamovirus Tomato yellow leaf curl geminivirus Watermelon mosaic virus II Zucchini yellow mosaic potyvirus

# 2.6 Inspection on Arrival

Importers shall disclose all plants, plant products, useful organisms and substances for inspection upon arrival at the point of entry.

The plants, plant products, substances and useful organisms imported shall be subject for inspection by an inspector at the entry point or at the final destination of the container or at any destination specified by the Oman authority, provided that the container can be tightly sealed and addressed properly as per the Oman regulations.

Inspection, as stated in paragraph above, will usually be carried out during the official working hours, with the exception of transit shipments or perishable material. In such cases, and as per the request of the importer, the inspector may check the shipment at any time after payment of additional fees as stated in the Oman regulations.

If it is found, through inspection, that the imported material poses a threat by introducing and spreading of agricultural quarantine pests and diseases, or did not meet the requirements of this regulation, the concerned authority may request the importer, through a written notification, to subject the imported material to one of the following procedures within one weeks time:

- a. The necessary treatment to remove the risk.
- b. Return of the imported material to the place of origin or to any other country.
- c. Destruction of the imported material as per the method stated in the notification.

If it is not possible to re-export the imported material to its origin or export to any other country, or if the importer did not agree to this procedure or the treatment, the concerned authority shall then reserve the right to destroy the imported materials.

The importer shall bear all the consequential costs and responsibilities as a result of implementation of this regulation, including the costs for loading, unloading, transportation to the entry point, costs of re-exporting, or treatment or destruction.

# 2.7 Sampling Rate

Not specified by Oman

# 2.8 Ports of Entry

Not specified by Oman

# 2.9 Transit Requirements

The transit shipment must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

The transit shipment should be subject to all the regulations of Oman if it is found that it includes agriculture quarantine pests and diseases (refer Inspection on Arrival)

If it is found that a transit shipment constitutes a threat by introducing and spreading agriculture quarantine pests and diseases, the inspector may request the importer, at his own expense, to seal the shipment to prevent leakage of the pests and diseases while crossing the borders.

The consignment shall not stay more than 3 days at the entry point. The concerned authority may extend this period if necessary. In all circumstances the consignment shall leave the country within one weeks time from date of entry.

It is not permitted to open or change the packages of transit shipments or repack them while crossing the state of Oman.

# 2.10 Wood packaging

Refer to the Forestry ICPR for Oman, link below: http://www.mpi.govt.nz/law-and-policy/requirements/importing-countriesphytosanitary-requirements/forestry-icprs/oman/

# 3 Commodity Class Requirements

## 3.1 Fruit and Vegetables

### 3.1.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

<u>Conditions:</u> Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

## 3.1.2 Dried Fruit and Vegetables

<u>Conditions:</u> Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

## 3.1.3 Frozen Fruit and Vegetables

<u>Conditions:</u> Phytosanitary certificate required. No import permit required.

# 3.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

## 3.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage

<u>Conditions:</u> Phytosanitary certificate required.

## 3.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.3 Nursery Stock

# 3.3.1 Budwood/Cuttings

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.3.2 Bulbs/tubers/corms/rhizomes etc.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.3.3 Whole Plants

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.3.4 Tissue Culture

<u>Conditions:</u> Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

# 3.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

#### <u>Conditions:</u> Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

## 3.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing

#### Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 3.5 Growing and Packaging Media

## Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 4 Commodity Specific Requirements

# 4.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

## Actinidia spp.

<u>Kiwifruit</u>

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

# 4.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

**4.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage** None specified by the importing country

**4.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage** None specified by the importing country

# 4.3 Nursery Stock

**4.3.1 Budwood / Cuttings** None specified by the importing country

# 4.3.2 Bulbs / tubers / corms / rhizomes etc.

None specified by the importing country

**4.3.3 Whole Plants** None specified by the importing country

**4.3.4 Tissue Culture** None specified by the importing country

# 4.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

**4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing** None specified by the importing country

**4.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption** None specified by the importing country

**4.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing** None specified by the importing country

- 4.5 Growing Media and Packing Material None specified by the importing country
- **4.6 Microorganisms, Microbiologicals and Laboratory Specimens** None specified by the importing country

# 4.7 Miscellaneous

None specified by the importing country