

MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND

IMPORTING COUNTRIES PHYTOSANITARY REQUIREMENTS

Türkiye

Date: 11 November 2009 Status: Approved

EXPORTERS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM THE PHYTOSANITARY IMPORT REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO EXPORT FROM NEW ZEALAND

Amendment Record

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
16.	5 December 2023	Updated the additional declaration for <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> and <i>Capsicum annuum</i> under section 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts. Added conditions for <i>Cucurbita pepo</i> (Squash) under section 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts.	MM
15.	21 November 2023	Amended scientific name (typo) for <i>Marantaceae</i> under section 2.4 Quarantine Pests. Clarified additional declarations required for <i>Palmae</i> spp., and amended scientific name (typo) for <i>Marantaceae</i> under section 4.3.2 Nursery Stock.	AS
14.	27 June 2023	Updated official country name from Turkey to Türkiye throughout ICPR document. Minor amendments to scientific names under section 4.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables. Addition of section headings '4.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage' and '4.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage' under section 4.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage for clarification purposes. Updated conditions and additional declarations for <i>Capsicum</i> spp. under	MLM

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
		<p>section 4.3.2 Nursery Stock.</p> <p>Minor amendments to scientific names under section 4.3.2 Nursery Stock.</p> <p>Updated additional declarations for Sowing for <i>Capsicum</i> spp. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> under Section 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts.</p> <p>Updated conditions and additional declarations for <i>Capsicum annuum</i> under section 4.4.1 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts.</p>	
13.	13 December 2021	Updated additional declarations under Section 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing for <i>Capsicum annuum</i> and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> .	MM
12.	13 October 2021	<p>Updated additional declarations under Section 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing for <i>Capsicum annuum</i> and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>.</p> <p>Updated Section 2.4 Quarantine Pests.</p>	SR
11.	11 March 2021	<p>Updated additional declarations under Sections 4.3.2 Nursery Stock for <i>Capsicum</i> spp.</p> <p>Updated additional declarations under Sections 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing for <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> and <i>Capsicum</i> spp.</p>	FA
10.	10 September 2020	<p>Amended additional declarations under Sections 4.3.2 Nursery Stock for <i>Capsicum</i> sp. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> (Tomato).</p> <p>Amended additional declarations under 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing for <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> (Tomato).</p>	MLM
9.	10 August 2020	<p>Updated Section 2.4 Quarantine Pests to include Tomato brown rugose fruit virus</p> <p>Updated scientific name of tomato throughout the entire document from <i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i> to <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i></p> <p>Changed <i>Capsicum annuum</i> to <i>Capsicum</i> sp. under Section 4.3.2 Nursery Stock</p> <p>Added additional declarations for <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> (Tomato) under Sections 4.3.2 Nursery Stock and 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing.</p> <p>Added additional declarations for <i>Capsicum</i> sp. under Sections 4.3.2 Nursery Stock</p>	MLM

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
8.	25 June 2020	Updated requirements for <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> and <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> , <i>Magnolia</i> spp. under section 4.3.2 Nursery Stock. Added requirements for <i>Cornus florida</i> and <i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> under section 4.3.2 Nursery Stock.	GF
7.	04 May 2020	Added requirements for <i>Triticum</i> spp. (Wheat) under Sections 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing and 4.4.2 Seeds, Grains, and Nuts for Consumption. Updated Section 2.4 Quarantine Pests to include <i>Tilletia indica</i>	GF
6.	01 April 2020	Updated Section 2.4 Quarantine Pests	GF
5.	24 April 2017	Updated links to MPI website. Added to disclaimer, amended scope section 1.2, and added fees and charges section 1.4. Removed Maximum Pest Limit (MPL), section 2.5. MPL is covered in the MPI Certification Standard and is not within the scope of the ICPR. Reformatted presentation of the amendment record to start with most recent amendment.	HK
4.	09 October 2012	Updated Regulation on Plant Quarantine 19.08.2012 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Section 2.1 Removal of prohibition for plant and plant products to enter via envelope and removal of prohibition for grass, leaves, straw and hay - Section 2.4 <i>Ceratocystis virescens</i> removed as a harmful organism as only applicable to plants originating in Canada and USA and subjects of contamination added to <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> - Section 2.6 additional ports of entry added - Additions to Annex A (plants and plant products that must be accompanied by a PC) 	NJ
3.	01 August 2012	Quarantine import requirements for Turkey (Updated Regulation on Plant Quarantine	

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
		13.12.2011).	
2.	8 December 2009	Clarification of quarantine pest status.	GI
1.	11 November 2009	Quarantine import requirements for Turkey (Updated Regulation on Agricultural Quarantine Act 6968, 10.2.2009).	GI

DISCLAIMER

The information in this standard is provided on the following basis. The phytosanitary requirements found in this standard may be used as the basis of export certification. However, requirements may be changed by importing countries at any time at short notice or with no notice to New Zealand. This information is provided strictly on the basis that the Crown, the Ministry for Primary Industries, its statutory officers, employees, agents and all other persons responsible for or associated with the compilation, writing, editing, approval or publication of the information:

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Compliance with this standard is not to be taken as a guarantee that any particular goods will be granted access to any overseas market. We recommend that exporters work with their importers to obtain the most up-to-date information.

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1. General Information

1.1 For enquires about this standard email the Plant Exports Group:

plantexports@mpi.govt.nz

To help Plant Exports process your email please record in the subject line of your email descriptive keywords which are relevant to your enquiry i.e. ICPR enquiry-country-specific details.

For urgent enquiries phone or fax the Plant Exports Group
Telephone: 64 4 894 5693
Fax: 64 4 894 0662

1.2 Scope

The requirements listed in this ICPR apply to product of New Zealand only, unless specifically stated. This standard specifies Türkiye's phytosanitary requirements for the stated commodities and commodity classes only.

This ICPR specifies Türkiye's phytosanitary requirements. If a commodity or commodity group is not identified within this ICPR exporters should direct enquiries to:

- Türkiye directly to ascertain requirements
- or
- Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) - Plant Exports

Users of this document are strongly advised to review all sections of the ICPR for the determination of a commodity's phytosanitary requirements.

1.3 Phytosanitary Legislation

- Regulation on Agricultural Quarantine, Act: 6968, 2009.
- Regulation on Plant Quarantine; 2011

1.4 Fees and Charges

Please note that the determination and provision of phytosanitary requirements for a commodity not listed within the ICPR may be undertaken on a cost recovered basis. A link to the list of Plant Fees and Charges is available on <http://mpi.govt.nz/exporting/food/fruitand-vegetables/fees-and-charges/>.

2. General Requirements

- Plant and plant products must have the words "BİTKİ-PLANT" written on any packaging in bold capital letters.

2.1 Prohibitions

(Excluding plants with soil and growing turf medium as specified in Section 4.5 of this ICPR)

Soil
Natural fertiliser
Seed cotton

2.2 Phytosanitary Import Permits

Phytosanitary import permits are not required for plants or plant products entering Türkiye.

2.3 Phytosanitary Certificates

A phytosanitary certificate is required for all plants and plant products listed in Annex A and as specified in Sections 3 and 4 of this document.

The phytosanitary certificate should be issued no earlier than 14 days before the date of shipment. If the date of inspection is stated separately on the phytosanitary certificate then the period between inspection and shipment must not exceed 14 days.

If plants and plant products are re-exported from New Zealand and require additional information on production areas or growing cycles, the product must be accompanied by the original (or a certified copy) phytosanitary certificate issued by the country of origin, as well as the original phytosanitary certificate for re-export.

For plants and plant products for re-export, which do not require additional information on production areas or growing cycles, a phytosanitary certificate may be issued stating the country of origin.

A phytosanitary certificate is not required for the following commodities;

- a) Fresh or dried fruits or vegetables carried by a passenger for consumption during the journey and that weigh not more than three kilograms,
- b) One flower bouquet and / or wreath for non-commercial purposes,
- c) Plants and plant products approved by the Ministry as donations for consumption to government agencies, institutions or charity organisations, by foreign real and legal persons.

These products are subject to inspection on arrival in Türkiye.

2.4 Quarantine Pests

Plants and plant products to be imported must be free from the harmful organisms specified in Annex-1, and Annex-2 and must comply with the specific requirements. Necessary precautions will be taken by the Ministry should any harmful organism not specified in Annex-1 and Annex-2 and not known to occur in Türkiye be detected.

ANNEX –1
HARMFUL ORGANISMS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO QUARANTINE

Insects

<i>Acleris gloverana</i>	<i>Ips sexdentatus</i>
<i>Acleris variana</i>	<i>Ips typographus</i>
<i>Aeolesthes sarta</i>	<i>Iridomyrmex humilis</i>
<i>Aleurolobus marlatti</i>	<i>Jacobiasca lybica</i>
<i>Amauromyza maculosa</i>	<i>Limonium californicus</i>
<i>Anastrepha fraterculus</i>	<i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i>
<i>Anastrepha ludens</i>	<i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i>
<i>Anastrepha obliqua</i>	<i>Liriomyza sativae</i>
<i>Anastrepha suspensa</i>	<i>Liriomyza trifolii</i>
<i>Anoplophora chinensis</i>	<i>Listronotus bonariensis</i>
<i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>	<i>Lopholeucaspis japonica</i>
<i>Anoplophora malasiaca</i>	<i>Lymantria monacha</i>
<i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i>	<i>Maconellicoccus hirsutus</i>
<i>Anthonomus grandis</i>	<i>Malacosoma americanum</i>
<i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i>	<i>Malacosoma disstria</i>
<i>Anthonomus signatus</i>	<i>Margarodes prieskaensis</i>
<i>Arrhenodes minutus</i>	<i>Margarodes vitis</i>
<i>Bactrocera ciliatus</i>	<i>Margarodes vredendalensis</i>
<i>Bactrocera cucumis</i>	<i>Matsucoccus feytaudi</i>
<i>Bactrocera cucurbitae</i>	<i>Melanotus communis</i>
<i>Bactrocera minax</i>	³ <i>Monochamus</i> spp.
<i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i>	⁴ <i>Myndus crudus</i>
<i>Bactrocera tryoni</i>	<i>Naupactus leucoloma</i>
<i>Bactrocera tsuneonis</i>	<i>Nipaecoccus vastator</i>
<i>Bactrocera zonatus</i>	<i>Numonia pyrivorella</i>

<i>Bemisia tabaci</i>	<i>Opogona sacchari</i>
<i>Blitopertha orientalis</i>	<i>Orgyia pseudotsugata</i>
<i>Cacoecimorpha pronubana</i>	<i>Pammene fasciana</i>
<i>Cacyreus marshalli</i>	<i>Parasaissetia nigra</i>
¹ <i>Carneocephala fulgida</i>	<i>Pardalaspis cyanescens</i>
<i>Ceratitis capitata</i>	<i>Pardalaspis quinaria</i>
<i>Ceratitis rosa</i>	<i>Paysandisia archon</i>
<i>Choristoneura</i> spp.	<i>Pissodes castaneus</i>
<i>Chrysomphalus aonidum</i>	<i>Pissodes nemorensis</i>
<i>Conotrachelus nenuphar</i>	<i>Pissodes strobi</i>
<i>Cydia inopinata</i>	<i>Pissodes terminalis</i>
<i>Cydia packardi</i>	<i>Popillia japonica</i>
<i>Dendroctonus adjunctus</i>	<i>Premnotypes</i> spp.
<i>Dendroctonus brevicomis</i>	<i>Pristiphora abietina</i>
<i>Dendroctonus frontalis</i>	⁵ <i>Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus</i>
<i>Dendroctonus micans</i>	⁵ <i>Pseudopityophthorus pruinus</i>
<i>Dendroctonus ponderosae</i>	<i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i>
<i>Dendroctonus pseudotsugae</i>	<i>Rhagoletis cingulata</i>
<i>Dendroctonus rufipennis</i>	<i>Rhagoletis completa</i>
<i>Dendrolimus sibiricus</i>	<i>Rhagoletis fausta</i>
<i>Diabrotica balteata</i>	<i>Rhagoletis indifferens</i>
<i>Diabrotica barberi</i>	<i>Rhagoletis mendax</i>
<i>Diabrotica speciosa</i>	<i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>
<i>Diabrotica trivittata</i>	<i>Rhagoletis suavis</i>
<i>Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi</i>	<i>Rhagoletis ribicola</i>
<i>Diabrotica undecimpunctata</i>	<i>Rhizoecus hibisci</i>
<i>Diabrotica virgifera</i>	<i>Rhynchophorus palmarum</i>

² <i>Diaphorina citri</i>	⁶ <i>Scaphoideus luteolus</i>
<i>Diaprepes abbreviatus</i>	⁷ <i>Scaphoideus titanus</i>
¹ <i>Draeculacephala minerva</i>	⁸ <i>Scaphytopius acutus</i>
<i>Dryocoetes confusus</i>	<i>Scirtothrips aurantii</i>
<i>Epichoristodes acerbella</i>	<i>Scirtothrips citri</i>
<i>Epitrix cucumeris</i>	<i>Scirtothrips dorsalis</i>
<i>Epitrix tuberis</i>	<i>Scolytus morawitzii</i>
<i>Epochra canadensis</i>	<i>Spodoptera eridania</i>
<i>Erythroneura comes</i>	<i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>
<i>Euphranta japonica</i>	<i>Spodoptera littoralis</i>
<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i>	<i>Spodoptera litura</i>
<i>Gnathotrichus sulcatus</i>	<i>Sternochetus mangiferae</i>
<i>Gonipterus gibberus</i>	<i>Tetropium gracilicorne</i>
<i>Gonipterus scutellatus</i>	<i>Thrips palmi</i>
¹ <i>Graphocephala atropunctata</i>	⁹ <i>Toxoptera citricida</i>
<i>Helicoverpa armigera</i>	² <i>Trioza erythrae</i>
<i>Helicoverpa zea</i>	<i>Tuta absoluta</i>
<i>Heteronychus arator</i>	<i>Unaspis citri</i>
<i>Hylurgopinus rufipes</i>	<i>Unaspis yanonensis</i>
<i>Ips acuminatus</i>	<i>Xylotrechus altaicus</i>
<i>Ips calligraphus</i>	¹ Vector of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i>
<i>Ips cembrae</i>	² Vector of <i>Liberobacter africanum</i> and <i>L. asiaticum</i> (Citrus greening bacterium)
<i>Ips confusus</i>	³ Vector of <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i>
<i>Ips curvidens</i>	⁴ Vector of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma

<i>Ips duplicatus</i>	⁵ Vector of <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i>
<i>Ips grandicollis</i>	⁶ Vector of <i>Elm Phloem necrosis</i>
<i>Ips lecontei</i>	⁷ Vector of <i>Grapevine flavescence doree</i>
<i>Ips paraconfusus</i>	⁸ <i>Phytoplasma</i> vector
<i>Ips plastographus</i>	⁹ Vector of <i>Citrus tristeza</i>
<i>Ips pini</i>	¹⁰ Vector of <i>Citrus leprosis rhabdovirus</i>

Mites

Brevipalpus californicus
Eutetranychus orientalis
Oligonychus perditus
Phytonemus pallidus

Nematodes

Aphelenchoides besseyi
Aphelenchoides fragariae
Globodera pallida
Globodera rostochiensis
Heterodera fici
Heterodera glycines
Hirschmanniella spp.
Longidorus diadecturus
Meloidogyne spp.
Nacobbus aberrans
Xiphinema americanum
Xiphinema bricolense
Xiphinema californicum

Xiphinema rivesi

Prokaryotes (Bacteria and Phytoplasms)

Apple proliferation phytoplasma

Apricot chlorotic leafroll phytoplasma

Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *sepedonicus*

Elm phloem necrosis phytoplasma

Peach rosette phytoplasma

Peach X-disease phytoplasma

Peach yellows phytoplasma

Pear decline phytoplasma

Ralstonia solanacearum

Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma

Xylella fastidiosa

Fungi

Alternaria mali

Apiosporina morbosa

Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli

Ceratocystis fagacearum

Ceratocystis fimbriata f.sp. *platini*

Cronartium spp.

Discula spp

Elsinoe spp.

Endocronartium harknessii

Glomerella gossypii

Guignardia citricarpa

Guignardia laricina

Gymnosporangium spp.

Hypoxyton mammatum

Melampsora farlowii

Melampsora medusa

Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepsis

Mycosphaerella populorum

Monilinia fructicola

Phellinus weirii

Phoma andigena

Phoma exiqua var. *foveata*

Phoma tracheiphila

Phyllosticta solitaria

Phymatotrichopsis omnivora

Phytophthora fragariae

Phytophthora ramorum

Septoria lycopersici var. *malagutii*

Synchytrium endobioticum

Thecaphora solani

Tilletia caries

Tilletia controversa

Tilletia foetida

Tilletia indica

Venturia nashicola

Viruses

Columnnea latent viroid (CLVd)

Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASvd)

Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid (TCDVd)

Tomato mottle mosaic virus (TomMV)

Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd)

ANNEX –2

Harmful organisms that are subject to quarantine in case they are found on some plants or plant products

Insects

HARMFUL ORGANISMS	SUBJECT OF CONTAMINATION
<i>Aschistonyx eppoi</i>	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> spp. L., other than fruit and seeds,
<i>Agrilus planipennis</i>	Plants intended for planting, other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, wood and bark of <i>Fraxinus</i> spp. L., <i>Juglans mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus davidiana</i> Planch., <i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> Jacq. and <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA
<i>Aleurocanthus</i> spp.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
<i>Aoinidiella citrina</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L. (citrus), <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
<i>Balaninus glandium</i>	Fruits of <i>Quercus</i> spp. (oak)
<i>Carposina niponensis</i>	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> spp. Mill., <i>Malus</i> spp. Mill., <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. and <i>Pyrus</i> spp. L.
<i>Circulifer haematoceps</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L. (citrus), <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
<i>Circulifer tenellus</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L. (citrus), <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
<i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i>	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> spp. Mill. intended for planting, other than seeds and fruit
<i>Enarmonia prunivora</i>	Plants of <i>Crataegus</i> spp. L., <i>Malus</i> spp. Mill., <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. and <i>Rosa</i> spp. L., intended for planting, other than seeds, and fruit of <i>Malus</i> spp. Mill. and spp. <i>Prunus</i> L.
<i>Epitrix similaris</i>	tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (Potato) intended as seed and food
<i>Hishomonus phycitis</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
<i>Merodon equestris</i>	Ornamental flowers with bulbs and flower bulbs
<i>Pectinophora gossypiella</i>	Seeds of <i>Gossypium</i> spp. (cotton)
<i>Phthorimaea operculella</i>	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> (potato) tubers intended as seed and food
<i>Rhopalomyia chrysanthemi</i>	Plants and cut flowers of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp. intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i>	Of the family <i>Palmae</i> (Arecaceae); <i>Areca catechu</i> (Areca palm),

	<p><i>Arecastrum romanzoffianum</i> <i>Arenga pinnata</i>, <i>Borassus flabellifer</i>, <i>Brahea armata</i>, <i>Butia capitata</i>, <i>Calamus merillii</i>, <i>Caryota maxima</i> (Giant Mountain Fishtail Palm), <i>C. cumingii</i>, <i>Cocos nucifera</i> (Coconut palm), <i>Corypha gebang</i>, (Syn.:<i>C. elata</i>, <i>C. utan</i>), <i>Elaeis guineensis</i> (African oil palm), <i>Howea forsteriana</i>, <i>Jubea chilensis</i>, <i>Livistonia australis</i> <i>Livistona decipiens</i> (Syn.:<i>Livistona decora</i>) (Ribbon Fan Palm), <i>Metroxylon sagu</i>, <i>Oreodoxa regia</i> (Syn.:<i>Roystonea regia</i>) (West Indian palm), <i>Phoenix canariensis</i> (Canary Island date palm), <i>P. dactylifera</i> (Date palm), <i>P. sylvestris</i> (Silver date palm), <i>Sabal umbraculifera</i> (Syn.:<i>Sabal palmetto</i>, Cabbage palmetto), <i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i> (Syn.:<i>Chamaerops excelsa</i>) (Chusan Palm), <i>Washingtonia</i> spp., <i>Chamaerops humilis</i>, Plants of <i>Phoenix theophrasti</i> and of the family <i>Agavaceae</i> Plants of <i>Agave americana</i> intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm, other than fruits and seeds</p>
<i>Tecia solanivora</i>	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> tubers
<i>Virachola isocrates</i>	Fruits of <i>Punica granatum</i> (pomegranate)
<i>Viteus vitifolii</i>	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> spp. (grapevine), intended for planting, other than seeds

Mites

<i>Aculops fuchsiae</i>	Plants of <i>Fuchsia</i> spp. L. intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Eotetranychus lewisi</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds

Nematodes

HARMFUL ORGANISMS	SUBJECT OF CONTAMINATION
<i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i>	Plants of <i>Abies</i> spp. Mill., <i>Cedrus</i> spp. Trew, <i>Larix</i> spp. Mill., <i>Picea</i> spp. A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> spp. L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> spp. Carr. ve <i>Tsuga</i> spp. Carr., other than fruit and seeds, and wood of conifers (Coniferales)

<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i>	Flower bulbs and tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> (potato)
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>	Seeds and bulbs of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L. and <i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> L., intended for planting and plants of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., intended for planting, bulbs and corms of <i>Camassia</i> spp. Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston 'Golden Yellow', <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Galtonia candicans</i> (Baker) Decne, <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp. L., <i>Ismene</i> spp. Herbert, <i>Muscari</i> spp. Miller, <i>Narcissus</i> spp. L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> spp. L., <i>Puschkinia</i> spp. Adams, <i>Scilla</i> spp. L., <i>Tulipa</i> spp. L, intended for planting, and seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. (alfalfa), tubers of Potato (<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.) and plants of strawberry (<i>Fragaria</i> spp. L.), intended for planting.
<i>Radopholus citrophilus</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds. Also, Plants of <i>Araceae</i> , <i>Marantaceae</i> , <i>Musaceae</i> , <i>Persea</i> spp. and <i>Strelitziaceae</i> rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
<i>Radopholus similis</i>	Plants of <i>Araceae</i> , <i>Marantaceae</i> , <i>Musaceae</i> , <i>Persea</i> spp., <i>Strelitziaceae</i> , rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
<i>Rotylenchulus reniformis</i>	Pome fruit species and plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. (stone fruits), intended for planting, other than fruits and seeds

Prokaryotes (bacteria and phytoplasmas)

HARMFUL ORGANISMS	SUBJECT OF CONTAMINATION
<i>Acidovorax avenae</i> subsp. <i>citrulli</i>	Seeds, fruits and seedlings of <i>Citrullus lanatus</i> (watermelon), <i>Cucumis melo</i> (melon), <i>C. sativus</i> (cucumber) and <i>Cucurbita</i> spp.
<i>Agrobacterium vitis</i>	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> spp. (grapevine), other than fruits and seeds
<i>Burkholderia caryophylli</i>	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> spp. (carnation), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Citrus variegated chlorosis</i> (strains of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> specific for citrus species)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>insidiosus</i>	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.(alfalfa)
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>michiganensis</i>	Plants of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. (tomato), intended for planting
<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> pv. <i>flaccumfaciens</i>	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> spp. (bean) and <i>Dolichos</i> spp.
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i>	Plants of <i>Amelanchier</i> spp. Med., <i>Chaenomeles</i> spp. Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> spp.

	Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i> spp. L., <i>Cydonia</i> spp. Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> spp. Lindl., <i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Malus</i> spp. Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> spp. L., <i>Pyracantha</i> spp. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> spp. L. and <i>Sorbus</i> spp. L., intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i> pv. <i>dianthicola</i>	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> spp. (carnation), intended for planting, other than seeds
Grapevine <i>flavescens dorée</i> phytoplasma	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> spp. L. (grapevine), other than fruit and seeds
<i>Liberobacter africanum</i> and <i>L. asiaticum</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> spp. (palm), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i>	Seeds of <i>Zea mays</i> L.(maize)
Peach phony rickettsia (strains of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> specific for <i>Prunus</i> species)	All plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. intended for planting
<i>Phytoplasma solani</i>	Plants of the family Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i>	Plants of <i>Prunus persica</i> (peach) and <i>Prunus persica</i> var. <i>nectarina</i> (nectarine), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>pisi</i>	Seeds of <i>Pisum sativum</i> (garden pea) and <i>P. sativum</i> var. <i>arvense</i>
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Witches' broom phytoplasma	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>corylina</i>	Plants of <i>Corylus avellana</i> (hazelnut), <i>C. colurna</i> , <i>C. maxima</i> and <i>C. pontica</i> , including fruits and seeds
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i>	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp., intended for planting, and their hybrids, other than seeds
<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>allii</i>	All plants of <i>Allium</i> spp., including fruit and seeds
<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> (<i>Citrus</i> L'da patojen tüm strain'ler)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than seeds
<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>dieffenbachiae</i>	Plants of <i>Anthurium</i> spp., <i>Dieffenbachia maculata</i> , <i>Philodendron scandens</i> and <i>Syngonium podophyllum</i> , intended for planting
<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i>	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> spp. L. (bean)
<i>Xanthomonas fragaria</i>	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> spp. L.(strawberry), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv. <i>oryzae</i>	Seeds of <i>Oryza</i> spp. (rice)
<i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv.	Seeds of <i>Oryza</i> spp. (rice)

<i>oryzicola</i>	
<i>Xanthomonas translucens</i> pv. <i>translucens</i>	Seeds of sowing material <i>Triticum</i> spp.(wheat), <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> (barley), <i>Secale cereale</i> (rye) and <i>Triticum x Secale</i> (triticale)
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i>	Plants of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. (tomato) and <i>Capsicum</i> spp. (pepper), intended for planting
<i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i>	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> spp. L. (grapevine), other than fruit and seeds

Fungi

HARMFUL ORGANISMS	SUBJECT OF CONTAMINATION
<i>Anisogramma anomala</i>	Plants of <i>Corylus</i> spp. L.(hazelnut), intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in Canada and the United States of America,
<i>Atropellis</i> spp.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> spp. L., other than fruit and seeds, isolated bark and wood of <i>Pinus</i> spp. L.
<i>Cercoseptoria pini-densiflorae</i>	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> spp. L., other than fruit and seeds, and wood of <i>Pinus</i> spp. L.
<i>Ciborinia camelliae</i>	Plants of <i>Camellia</i> spp. L. (camellia), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Claviceps africana</i>	Seeds of <i>Sorghum</i> spp.
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i>	Plants of <i>Quercus</i> spp. L. (Oak) and <i>Castanea</i> spp. Mill. (Chestnut), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i>	Plants of <i>Vaccinium</i> spp., intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Didymella ligulicola</i>	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> spp., intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Diplodia macrospora</i> and <i>Diplodia zea</i> (=maydis)	Seeds of <i>Zea mays</i> (maize)
<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>albedinis</i>	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp., other than fruit and seeds
<i>Gibberella circinata</i>	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> spp. and <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> , intended for planting, including seeds and cones intended for propagation
<i>Guignardia piricola</i>	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> spp. Mill., <i>Malus</i> spp. Mill., <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. and <i>Pyrus</i> spp. L., other than seeds
<i>Phaeoramularia angolensis</i>	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L, <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
<i>Phialophora cinerescens</i>	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> spp. L. (carnation), intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Phialophora gregata</i>	Seeds of <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr. (soy bean), sowing material
<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i>	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> (sunflower)
<i>Puccinia horiana</i>	Plants and cut flowers of <i>Dendranthema</i> spp., intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Puccinia pittieriana</i>	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> spp., other than fruits and seeds
<i>Scirrhia acicola</i>	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> spp. L., other than fruits and

	seeds
<i>Scirrhia pini</i>	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> spp. L., intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Sclerotium cepivorum</i>	Plants and shallots of <i>Allium</i> spp. (<i>Allium cepa</i> – including edible onions)
<i>Stegophora ulmea</i>	Plants of <i>Ulmus</i> spp. L. and <i>Zelkova</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
<i>Tilletia caries</i>	Plants and seeds of <i>Triticum</i> spp. (Wheat) intended for planting.
<i>Tilletia controversa</i>	Plants and seeds of <i>Triticum</i> spp. (Wheat) intended for planting.
<i>Tilletia foetida</i>	Plants and seeds of <i>Triticum</i> spp. (Wheat) intended for planting.
<i>Tilletia indica</i>	Plants and seeds of <i>Triticum</i> spp. (Wheat) intended for planting.
<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i>	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. (common hop), intended for planting, other than seeds, Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. (alfalfa)
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i>	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. (common hop), intended for planting, other than seeds, Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. (alfalfa) tohumları

Viruses, Virus-like Organisms and Viroids

HARMFUL ORGANISMS	SUBJECT OF CONTAMINATION
Arabis mosaic nepovirus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> spp. L. (strawberry), <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry) and <i>Vitis</i> spp. L. (grapevine), intended for planting, other than seeds
Banana bunchy top nanovirus	Reproduction material of plants of <i>Musa</i> spp. (banana), other than seeds
Beet curly top curtovirus	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. (beet), intended for planting, other than seeds
Beet leaf curl rhabdovirus	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. (beet), intended for planting, other than seeds
Black raspberry latent ilarvirus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry), intended for planting
Cherry leaf roll nepovirus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry), <i>Olea</i> spp. (olive), <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. (stone fruits) and <i>Ulmus</i> spp. L. (elm), intended for planting,
Chrysanthemum stem necrosis tospovirus	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> spp. (DC.) Des Moul. <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.), intended for planting, other than fruits and seeds
Chrysanthemum stunt pospiviroid	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> spp., intended for planting, other than seeds
Citrus blight disease	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Citrus leprosis rhabdovirus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Citrus mosaic badnavirus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than

	fruits and seeds
Citrus tatter leaf capillovirus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf, and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Citrus tristeza closterovirus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Citrus vein enation virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> spp. (palm), intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
Grapevine fanleaf nepovirus	Reproduction material of plants of <i>Vitis</i> spp. L. (grapevine), other than seeds
Grapevine leafroll associated closterovirus	Reproduction material of plants of <i>Vitis</i> spp. L. (grapevine), other than seeds
Little cherry closterovirus	Plants of <i>Prunus avium</i> L. (cherry), <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L (sour cherry), <i>Prunus incisa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus sargentii</i> Rehd., <i>Prunus serrula</i> Franch, <i>Prunus serrulata</i> Lindl., <i>Prunus speciosa</i> (Koidz.) Ingram, <i>Prunus subhirtella</i> Miq., <i>Prunus yedoensis</i> Matsum and their hybrids, intended for planting, other than seeds
Plum pox potyvirus	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. (stone fruits), intended for planting, other than seeds
Potato A potyvirus	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato), intended for planting, other than seeds
Potato leafroll luteovirus	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato), intended for planting, other than seeds
Potato M carlavirus	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato), intended for planting, other than seeds
Potato mop top pomovirus	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L (potato), intended for planting, other than seeds
Potato X potexvirus	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato), intended for planting, other than seeds
Potato Y potyvirus (including Yo, Yn, Yntn and Yc)	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato), intended for planting, other than seeds
Prune dwarf ilarvirus	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. (stone fruits), intended for planting
Prunus necrotic ringspot ilarvirus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry), <i>Prunus</i> spp. L. (stone fruits) and <i>Rosa</i> spp. (rose), intended for planting
Raspberry ringspot nepovirus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry) and <i>Fragaria</i> spp. L. (strawberry), intended for planting
Satsuma dwarf nepovirus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> spp. L., <i>Fortunella</i> spp. Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> spp. Raf and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds
Strawberry crinkle cytorhabdovirus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> spp. L. (strawberry), intended for planting, other than seeds
Strawberry mild yellow edge potex virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> spp. L. (strawberry), intended for planting, other than seeds
Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry) and <i>Fragaria</i> spp. L. (strawberry), intended for planting

Tobacco rattle tobavirus	Plants of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato) and <i>Nicotiana</i> spp. (tobacco), intended for planting, other than seeds
Tobacco streak ilarvirus	Plants of <i>Nicotiana tabacum</i> (tobacco) and seeds of <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> (bean), intended for planting, other than seeds
Tomato black ring nepovirus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> spp. L. (raspberry), <i>Fragaria</i> spp. (strawberry) and <i>Vitis</i> spp. (grapevine), intended for planting
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	Plants of <i>Capsicum</i> sp. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. (tomato), intended for planting Seeds of <i>Capsicum</i> sp. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. (tomato)
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus	Reproduction material of plants of <i>Apium graveolens</i> L. (celery), <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. (pepper), <i>Cucumis melo</i> L. (melon), <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Impatiens</i> , <i>Lactuca sativa</i> L. (lettuce), <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., (tomato), <i>Nicotiana tabacum</i> L. (tobacco), <i>Solanum melongena</i> L. (eggplant) and <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. (potato), other than seeds
Tomato yellow leaf curl begomovirus	Reproduction material of plants of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. (tomato), other than seeds

2.5 Ports of Entry

PROVINCE	
1- ¹ ADANA	: Adana, Yumurtalık Free Zone
2- AĞRI	: Doğu Beyazıt, Gürbulak
3- ¹ ANKARA	: Ankara Truck, Ankara Post, Esenboğa
4- ¹ ANTALYA	: Antalya, Antalya Airport, Antalya Free Zone
5- ARDAHAN	: Türkgözü
6- ² ARTVİN	: Hopa, Sarp
7- BALIKESİR	: Bandırma
8- ² BARTIN	: Bartın
9- ^{1,2} BURSA	: Bursa, Gemlik, Mudanya, İnegöl
10- ÇANAKKALE	: Çanakkale
11- ^{1,2} EDİRNE	: Kapıkule Truck, Kapıkule Train Station, Kapıkule Passenger Hall,
12- ERZURUM	: Erzurum
13- ESKİŞEHİR	: Eskişehir
14- GAZİANTEP	: Gaziantep, İslahiye
15- GİRESUN	: Giresun
16- IGDİR	: Dilucu
17- ^{1,2} İSTANBUL	: İstanbul Posta, Karaköy Passenger Hall, Ambarlı, Haydarpaşa, Halkalı, Erenköy, Atatürk Airport Cargo, Atatürk Airport Free Zone, İstanbul Leather Free Zone, Trakya Free Zone
18- ^{1,2} İZMİR	: İzmir, Adnan Menderes, İzmir Truck, Ege Free Zone, Aliağa, Dikili,
19- HAKKARI	: Esendere
20- ¹ HATAY	: Antakya, ² İskenderun, İsdemir, Yayladağı Gate, Cilvegözü
21- KAHRAMANMARAŞ	: Kahramanmaraş
22- ² KASTAMONU	: İnebolu
23- KAYSERİ	: Kayseri
24- KİLİS	: Öncüpınar
25- ² KOCAELİ	: İzmit, Derince, Gebze, Dilovası
26- KONYA	: Konya
27- MALATYA	: Malatya
28- MARDİN	: Mardin, Nusaybin
29- ^{1,2} MERSİN	: Mersin, Passenger Hall, Taşucu, Mersin Free Zone
30- MUĞLA	: Dalaman Airport
31- ² ORDU	: Ordu, Ünye
32- ² RİZE	: Rize
33- ^{1,2} SAKARYA	: Sakarya
34- ^{1,2} SAMSUN	: Samsun, Samsun Free Zone
35- ² SINOP	: Sinop
36- SİVAS	: Sivas
37- ŞIRNAK	: Habur, İpekyolu
38- ² TEKİRDAĞ	: Tekirdağ, Çorlu Airport, Çerkezköy, Avrupa Free Zone
39- ^{1,2} TRABZON	: Trabzon, Trabzon Free Zone
40- UŞAK	: Uşak
41- VAN	: Kapıköy
42- ¹ YALOVA	: Yalova
43- ² ZONGULDAK	: Zonguldak, Karadeniz Ereğli

¹ Provinces authorised to import reproduction and propagation material

² Provinces authorised to import forestry products other than wooden packaging material

2.6 Inspection on Arrival

All consignments may be subjected to inspection upon arrival

2.7 Rate of Sampling (On arrival)

1. Inspectors will conduct general macroscopic inspection of plants, plant products and other substances on arrival.
2. The procedures and principles of sampling are specified by the General Directorate.
3. If you object to the results of the analysis, apply to the Directorate within seven days. A commission will be established and the methods and results examined. If no errors are found, the results of the original analysis are final. If errors are found, the analysis will be repeated and the results of this will be final. All expenses for the review are paid by the person making the objection.

2.8 Transit Requirements

Plants and plant products may transit Türkiye under the permission of the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock, provided that the doors of the transportation vehicles are sealed and that all precautions to prevent harmful organisms contaminating the external surroundings are taken.

3. COMMODITY CLASS REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Fruit and Vegetables

3.1.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required (as per Annex A). For commodity specific requirements refer to Section 4.1.

Passenger accompanied Produce

Conditions:

Passengers may import a quantity not exceeding 3 (three) kgs of produce for consumption without the need for either a phytosanitary import permit or a phytosanitary certificate. The produce will be inspected on arrival.

3.1.2 Dried Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required (as per Annex A).

3.1.3 Processed Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate not required.

3.1.4 Frozen Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate not required.

3.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

3.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and foliage

Passenger accompanied Items

Conditions:

Passengers may import one bouquet or garland of no commercial value without the need for either a phytosanitary import permit or a phytosanitary certificate. The items will be inspected on arrival.

Commercial consignments:

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required (as per Annex A). For commodity specific requirements refer to Section 4.2.1.

3.2.2 Dried flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate may be required (as per Annex A).

Passenger accompanied Items

Conditions:

Passengers may import bouquets or garlands of no commercial value without the need for either a phytosanitary import permit or a phytosanitary certificate. The items will be inspected on arrival.

3.3 Plants for Planting

Notes:

1. Türkiye definition of “plants for planting” includes tubers, corms, bulbs and rhizomes, pruning residues which retain any foliage, leaves, tissue cultures, live pollen and live plant parts including budwood, cuttings and scions.
2. These requirements are in addition to the commodity specific requirements listed in section 4.3.
3. For organisms not known to occur in New Zealand, an Additional Declaration for country freedom is shown first (where listed as an option by Türkiye). Further Additional Declaration options are listed below in a smaller font.

Plants intended for planting, (other than bulbs, tubers, rhizomes, seeds and corms).

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Note: *Thrips palmi*, Bean golden mosaic begomovirus, Cowpea mild mottle carlavirus, Lettuce infectious yellow begomovirus, Pepper mild tigre begomovirus and Squash leaf curl begomovirus are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants have been grown in nurseries”

And

“Originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Thrips palmi* in accordance with relevant ISPM”

Or

“Originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Thrips palmi* in accordance with relevant ISPM, and declared free from *Thrips palmi* on official inspections carried out during the three months prior to export”

Or

“Immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against *Thrips palmi* and have been officially inspected and found free from *Thrips palmi*”

And

“No symptoms of Bean golden mosaic begomovirus, Cowpea mild mottle carlavirus, Lettuce infectious yellow begomovirus, Pepper mild tigre begomovirus, Squash leaf curl begomovirus or other viruses transmitted

by *Bemisia tabaci* have been observed on the plants during an adequate period”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *B. tabaci* and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms”

Or

“The place of production has been found free from *B. tabaci* and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms on official inspections carried out at appropriate times”

Or

“The plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating *B. tabaci*”

All Trees and Shrubs intended for planting.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

The plants are:

“Clean (i.e. free from plant debris) and free from flowers and fruits”

And

“Have been grown in nurseries”

And

“Have been inspected at appropriate times prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms”

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs intended for planting.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants are dormant and free from leaves”

Annual and biennial plants intended for planting grown in nurseries (except Gramineae).

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. The plants are clean (free from plant debris) and free from flowers and fruits

Additional Declaration:

“The plants have been grown in nurseries”

And

“The plants are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits”

And

“The plants have been inspected at appropriate times prior to export and have been found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms and, also found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi”

Or

“The plants have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi”

And

Where *Bemisia tabaci* (non-European populations) and the other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur

“No symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on the plants during an appropriate vegetation period”

And

“The plants originate in regions known to be free from *Bemisia tabaci* and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms”

Or

“The places of production have been found free from *Bemisia tabaci* and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms on official inspections carried out at appropriate times”

Or

“The plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment to eradicate *Bemisia tabaci*”

Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits”

And

“The plants have been inspected at appropriate times prior to export and have been found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms and, also found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi”

Or

“The plants have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi”

Harmful organisms as specified by Türkiye, those with an asterisk are not known to occur in New Zealand:

Bean golden mosaic begomovirus*

Cowpea mild mottle carlavirus*

Lettuce infectious yellow begomovirus*

Pepper mild tigre begomovirus*

Squash leaf curl begomovirus*

Other viruses transmitted by *Bemisia tabaci*

And

Where *Bemisia tabaci* (non-European populations) and the other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur

“No symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on the plants during an appropriate vegetation period”

And

“The plants originate in regions known to be free from *Bemisia tabaci* and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms”

Or

“The places of production have been found free from *Bemisia tabaci* and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms on official inspections carried out at appropriate times”

Or

“The plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment to eradicate *Bemisia tabaci*”

And

“The place of production is free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *sepedonicus*, *Globodera rostochiensis*, *Globodera pallida* and

Synchytrium endobioticum"

Plants of herbaceous species and plants of *Ficus* and *Hibiscus*, intended for planting

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

"The plants originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Bemisia tabaci* in accordance with relevant ISPM"

Or

"Originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Bemisia tabaci* in accordance with relevant ISPM and declared free from *Bemisia tabaci* on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to export"

Or

In cases where *Bemisia tabaci* has been found at the place of production, are held or produced in this place of production and have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from *Bemisia tabaci* and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from *Bemisia tabaci* as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating *Bemisia tabaci*, in both official inspections carried out weekly during the nine weeks prior to export and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period and the details of the treatment shall be mentioned on the Phytosanitary Certificate.

Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, (excluding the family Gramineae)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required. Please note *Liriomyza sativae*, *Amauromyza maculosa*, *Liriomyza huidobrensis* and *Liriomyza trifolii* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

"The plants originate in an area known to be free from *Liriomyza bryoniae*, *Liriomyza huidobrensis* and *Liriomyza trifolii*"

Or

"No signs of *Liriomyza bryoniae*, *Liriomyza huidobrensis* and *Liriomyza trifolii* have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out during the 3 months prior to harvesting",

Or

"Immediately prior to export, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza bryoniae*, *Liriomyza huidobrensis* and *Liriomyza trifolii* and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against *Liriomyza bryoniae*, *Liriomyza huidobrensis* and *Liriomyza trifolii*"

And for plants originating in countries where *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are known to occur

"The plants have been grown in nurseries

And

"Originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* in accordance with relevant ISPM"

Or

“Originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* in accordance with relevant ISPM, and declared free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* on official inspections carried out during the three months prior to export”

Or

“Immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* and have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*”

Herbaceous perennial plants of the families: *Caryophyllaceae* (except *Dianthus* L.), *Compositae* (except *Dendranthema*), *Crucifera*, *Leguminosae* and *Rosaceae* (except *Fragaria* L.),

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants have been grown in nurseries”

And

“Are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits”

And

“Have been inspected prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms”

Naturally or artificially dwarfed plants (e.g. Bonsai) intended for planting

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to dispatch, in officially registered nurseries, which are subject to an officially supervised control regime”

And

“The plants have been potted, in pots which are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground”

And

“Have been subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure freedom from non-European rusts”

And

“Have been officially inspected at least 6 times a year at appropriate intervals for the presence of harmful organisms of concern (section 2.4). These inspections, which shall also be carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries shall be carried out at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a random sample of at least 300 plants from a given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 3000 plants, or 10% of the plants if there are more than 3000 plants from that genus”

And

“Have been found free, in these inspections, from the relevant harmful organisms of concern as specified in the previous indent. Infested plants shall be removed. The remaining plants, where appropriate, shall be effectively treated, and in addition shall be held for an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from such harmful organisms of concern”

“Have been planted in either an unused artificial growing medium or in a natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment and has been found free from any harmful organisms”

And

“Have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from harmful organisms and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted”

Or

“Shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and replanted in growing medium which meets the previous conditions”

Or

“Subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure that the growing medium is free from harmful organisms, the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments shall be mentioned on the Phytosanitary Certificate under the rubric ‘Disinfestation and/or disinfection Treatment”

And

“Be packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number of the registered nursery; this number shall also be indicated under “Additional Declaration” on the Phytosanitary Certificate”

3.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

3.4.1 Seeds Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required (as per Annex A)

3.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required (as per Annex A)

3.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required (as per Annex A)

3.5 Growing Media and Packing Material

Conditions:

As specified in specific commodity requirements.

3.6 Microorganisms, Microbiologicals and Laboratory Specimens

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required. The importation of prohibited harmful organisms for research purposes is subject to the approval of the Ministry. Contact the Türkiye quarantine authorities for import conditions.

3.7 Miscellaneous

Conditions:

As specified in specific commodity requirements.

4 Commodity Specific Requirements

4.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

For organisms not known to occur in New Zealand, an Additional Declaration for country freedom is shown first (where listed as an option by Türkiye). Further Additional Declaration options are listed below in a smaller font.

Actinidia deliciosa

Kiwifruit

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Apium graveolens

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Note: *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The fruit originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*”,

Or

“Immediately prior to their export, the fruit have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*.”

Citrus spp. and its hybrids

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. The fruit must be free of peduncles and leaves and the packaging must bear a New Zealand origin mark.

Note: *Phaeoramularia angloensis* (syn. *Cephalosporium maydis*), *Guignardia citricarpa*, *Xanthomonas axonopodis* and Tephritidae are not known to occur in New Zealand,

Additional Declarations:

“The fruits originate in an area or country known to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L), as determined by official controls”

Or

“In accordance with an official control and examination regime, no symptoms of *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L) have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle”

Or

“None of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown symptoms of *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L), the fruits have been subjected to treatment such as sodium orthophenylphenate, and the fruits have been packed at premises or dispatching centres registered for this purpose”

And

“The fruits originate in a country or area known to be free from *Phaeoramularia angloensis* (syn. *Cephalosporium maydis*)”

Or

“No symptoms of *Phaeoramularia angloensis* have been observed in the field of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of *Phaeoramularia angloensis*”

And

“The fruits (except fruits of *Citrus aurantium* L. (bitter orange)) originate in a country or in an area known to be free from *Guignardia citricarpa*”

Or

“No symptoms of *Guignardia citricarpa* have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this *Guignardia citricarpa*”

And

“The fruits originate in an area known to be free from Tephritidae”

Or

“No signs of the relevant organism have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the 3 months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant organism”

Or

“The fruits have shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from the relevant organism in all stages of their development”

Or

“The fruits have been subjected to an appropriate treatment, any acceptable vapour heat treatment, cold treatment, or quick freeze treatment, which has been shown to be efficient against the relevant organism without damaging the fruit”

Fortunella spp. and its hybrids

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. The fruit must be free of peduncles and leaves and the packaging must bear a New Zealand origin mark.

Note: *Phaeoramularia angloensis* (syn. *Cephalosporium maydis*), *Guignardia citricarpa* and Tephritidae are not known to occur in New Zealand,

Additional Declarations:

“The fruits originate in an area or country known to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L), as determined by official controls”

Or

“In accordance with an official control and examination regime, no symptoms of *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L) have been

observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle”

Or

“None of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown symptoms of *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L), the fruits have been subjected to treatment such as sodium orthophenylphenate, and the fruits have been packed at premises or dispatching centres registered for this purpose”

And

“The fruits originate in a country or area known to be free from *Phaeoramularia angloensis* (syn. *Cephalosporium maydis*)”

Or

“No symptoms of *Phaeoramularia angloensis* have been observed in the field of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of *Phaeoramularia angloensis*”

And

“The fruits originate in a country or in an area known to be free from *Guignardia citricarpa*”

Or

“No symptoms of *Guignardia citricarpa* have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this *Guignardia citricarpa*”

And

“The fruits originate in an area known to be free from Tephritidae”

Or

“No signs of the relevant organism have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the 3 months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant organism”

Or

“The fruits have shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from the relevant organism in all stages of their development”

Or

“The fruits have been subjected to an appropriate treatment, any acceptable vapour heat treatment, cold treatment, or quick freeze treatment, which has been shown to be efficient against the relevant organism without damaging the fruit”

Momordica spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Note: *Thrips palmi* is not known to occur in New Zealand

Additional Declaration

“The fruit originates in a country free from *Thrips palmi*”,

Or

“Immediately prior to their export, the fruit have been officially inspected and found free from *Thrips palmi*.”

Ocimum spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Note: *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The fruit originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*”,

Or

“Immediately prior to their export, the fruit have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*”

And

“The fruit originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*”,

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the fruit have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*”.

Prunus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The fruits originate in a country or area known to be free from *Monilinia fructicola*”

Or

“The fruits have been subjected to appropriate inspection and treatment procedures prior to harvest and/or export to ensure freedom from *Monilinia* spp.”

Poncirus spp. and its hybrids

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. The fruit must be free of peduncles and leaves and the packaging must bear a New Zealand origin mark.

Note: *Phaeoramularia angloensis* (syn. *Cephalosporium maydis*), *Guignardia citricarpa* and Tephritidae are not known to occur in New Zealand,

Additional Declarations:

“The fruits originate in an area or country known to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L), as determined by official controls”

Or

“In accordance with an official control and examination regime, no symptoms of *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L) have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle”

Or

“None of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown symptoms of *Xanthomonas axonopodis* (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus* L), the fruits have been subjected to treatment such as sodium orthophenylphenate, and the fruits have been packed at premises or dispatching centres registered for this purpose”

And

“The fruits originate in a country or area known to be free from *Phaeoramularia angloensis* (syn. *Cephalosporium maydis*)”

Or

“No symptoms of *Phaeoramularia angloensis* have been observed in the field of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of *Phaeoramularia angloensis*”

And

“The fruits (except fruits of *Citrus aurantium* L. (bitter orange)) originate in a country or in an area known to be free from *Guignardia citricarpa*”

Or

“No symptoms of *Guignardia citricarpa* have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this *Guignardia citricarpa*”

And

“The fruits originate in an area known to be free from Tephritidae”

Or

“No signs of the relevant organism have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the 3 months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant organism”

Or

“The fruits have shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from the relevant organism in all stages of their development”

Or

“The fruits have been subjected to an appropriate treatment, any acceptable vapour heat treatment, cold treatment, or quick freeze treatment, which has been shown to be efficient against the relevant organism without damaging the fruit”

Solanum melongena

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Thrips palmi* is not known to occur in New Zealand

Additional Declaration

“The fruit originates in a country free from *Thrips palmi*”,

Or

“Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Thrips palmi*.”

4.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

4.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and foliage

Aster spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*”,

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Dendranthema spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*",

Or

"Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*"

Dianthus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*",

Or

"Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*"

Eryngium spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Gypsophila spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*",

Or

"Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*.

And

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Hypericum spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Lisianthus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Orchidaceae

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Thrips palmi* is not known to occur in New Zealand

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Thrips palmi*",

Or

"Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Thrips palmi*."

Rosa spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Solidago spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*",

Or

"Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*."

And

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

Trachelium spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required

Additional Declaration:

"The cut flowers originate in a country free from *Bemisia tabaci*",

Or

Immediately prior to their export, the cut flowers have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci*".

4.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and foliage

Refer to section 3.2.2.

4.3 Plants for Planting

4.3.1 Bulbs/Corms/Rhizomes/Tubers etc for propagation

General Requirements

Please note these requirements are in addition to the relevant additional declarations listed in section 3.3; Commodity Class Requirements

Narcissus spp.

Narcissus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required,

Additional Declaration:

"No symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the vegetation period"

Solanum tuberosum

Potato

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

Originating in countries where *Synchytrium endobioticum* is known to occur;
"Tubers originate in areas known to be free from all strains of *Synchytrium endobioticum* and since the beginning of a sufficient period no symptoms of *S. endobioticum* has been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity"

And

Originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur;
"No symptoms caused by Potato spindle tuber pospiviroid has been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation"

And

"The tubers have been subjected to selection previously; they have been derived directly from material maintained under appropriate conditions"

And

"The tubers:

- have been found free of *Synchytrium endobioticum* and *Phoma exigua* var. *foveata* through official quarantine tests in accordance with acceptable methods, and

- have been produced in areas free from *Globodera rostochiensis*, *Globodera pallida*, *Ditylenchus dipsaci* and *Ditylenchus destructor*,

And

- for regions where *Ralstonia solanacearum* is known to occur, the tubers are free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*,

Or

“Appropriate procedure for eradication of *Ralstonia solanacearum* has been implemented and it does not occur”

And

“The tubers originate in countries where *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *sepedonicus* does not occur”

And

“The tubers have originated in an area where *Tecia solanivora* is known not to occur;

Or

“The tubers have originated in an area which is free from *Tecia solanivora* as determined by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant ISPM”

Tulipa spp.

Tulip

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

4.3.2 Nursery Stock

General Requirements

Please note these requirements are in addition to the relevant additional declarations listed in section 3.3; Commodity Class Requirements

Notes:

1. Nursery stock can also includes budwood, cuttings and scions.
2. For organisms not known to occur in New Zealand, an Additional Declaration for country freedom is shown first (where listed as an option by Türkiye). Further Additional Declaration options are listed below in a smaller font.

Abies spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“Produced in nurseries under official control”

And

“No symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Acer spp. (excluding A. macrophyllum and A. pseudoplatanus)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis*, *Anoplophora glabripennis* and *Xylella fastidiosa* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4”

Note: The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatmentsand surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken and the plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora glabripennis*, in accordance with ISPM 4”

Note: The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora glabripennis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora glabripennis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora glabripennis* or with the the application of preventative treatmentsand surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora glabripennis* found, eradication measures are immediately taken and the plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“The samples of the plants representing the whole were officially tested for *Xylella fastidiosa* using appropriate test methods, and that in these tests neither the harmful organism nor any vector that could carry the disease was found”

Acer macrophyllum and Acer pseudoplatanus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum*, *Anoplophora chinensis*, *Anoplophora glabripennis* and *Xylella fastidiosa* are not known to

occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*”

Note: The name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exist in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4”

Note: The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken and the plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora glabripennis*, in accordance with ISPM 4”

Note: The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora glabripennis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora glabripennis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora glabripennis* or with the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora glabripennis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken and the plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“The samples of the plants representing the whole were officially tested for *Xylella fastidiosa* using appropriate test methods, and that in these tests neither the harmful organism nor any vector that could carry the disease was found”

Adiantum aleuticum and *Adiantum jordanii*

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Aesculus californica

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Aesculus hippocastanum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* and *Phytophthora ramorum* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exist in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Allium spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms of disease caused by *Ditylenchus dipsaci* and *Sclerotium cepivorum* have been observed since the beginning of the last complete vegetation cycle”

Alnus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Amelanchier spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place

of production and its immediate vicinity”

Araceae

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*”

Arbutus menziesii and *Arbutus unedo*

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Arctostaphylos spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Beta vulgaris

Sugar beet

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Originating in countries where Beet leaf curl nucleorhabdovirus is known to occur. **Note:** Beet curly top curtovirus is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“Beet leaf curl nucleorhabdovirus has not been known to occur in the area of production”

And

“No symptoms of disease caused by Beet leaf curl nucleorhabdovirus have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“No symptoms of disease caused by Beet curly top curtovirus have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Betula spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Calluna vulgaris

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“ official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Camellia spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary

Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ciborinia camelliae*,”

Or

“No symptoms of *C. camelliae* have been observed on plants in flower on the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation.”

Capsicum spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. Originating in countries where *Ralstonia solanacearum* known to occur. The specified additional declaration can be used depending on its resistance to ToBRFV.

Note: *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is known to occur in New Zealand.

Note: Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV) is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*”

Or

“No symptoms caused by *Ralstonia solanacearum* have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

(For varieties which are known to be resistant to ToBRFV)

"The product belongs to the varieties which are known to be resistant to ToBRFV."

Or

(For varieties which are not known to be resistant to ToBRFV)

“The plants have been derived from the seeds found to be free from ToBRFV by analysis using the RT-PCR method and the analysis have shown them to be free from ToBRFV”

And

“The plants intended for planting have been produced in a [*insert name of production site*], which is registered and inspected by the national plant protection organization in the country of origin, and is known to be free of ToBRFV during official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect ToBRFV; and in case of any symptoms, tested for ToBRFV and found to be free from this pest”

Carpinus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section

of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Castanea spp. (excluding C. sativa)

Chestnut

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Cryphonectria parasitica* and *Ceratocystis fagacearum* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Cryphonectria parasitica*”

Or

“No symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ceratocystis fagacearum*”

And

“No symptoms of *Cronartium* spp. have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“The plants have been grown during the complete vegetation cycle in the area free from *Dryocosmus kuriphilus*, established by MPI in accordance with ISPM. The name of the pest-free area shall be mentioned under the place of origin section in the phytosanitary certificate.”

Castanea sativa

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum*, *Cryphonectria parasitica* and *Ceratocystis fagacearum* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

And

“The plants have been grown during the complete vegetation cycle in the area free from *Dryocosmus kuriphilus*, established by MPI in accordance with ISPM. The name of the pest-free area shall be mentioned under the place of origin section in the phytosanitary certificate.”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Cryphonectria parasitica*”

Or

“No symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ceratocystis fagacearum*”

And

“No symptoms of *Cronartium* spp. have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Chaenomeles spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“No symptoms of *Erwinia amylovora* and *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle”

Citrus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus*, *Radopholus similis* and *Anoplophora chinensis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Coniferales spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Pissodes* spp. are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations (required for plants under 3 metres):

"The plants have been grown in nurseries under official control"

And

"The place of production is free from *Pissodes nemorensis*, *P. strobi*, *P. terminalis* and *P. castaneus*"

And

"The place of production is free from *Scolytus morawitzi*"

Further Additional Declarations (Required for plants over 3 metres):

"The plants have been grown in nurseries under official control"

And

"The place of production is free from *Pissodes nemorensis*, *P. strobi*, *P. terminalis* and *P. castaneus*"

Cornus florida

Conditions

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Xylella fastidiosa* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The samples of the plants representing the whole were officially tested for *Xylella fastidiosa* using appropriate test methods, and that in these tests neither the harmful organism nor any vector that could carry the disease was found"

Corylus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the "place of origin" section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,"

Or

"The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km's where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken."

And

"The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling"

Cotoneaster spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Note: *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Crataegus spp.

Conditions:

Hawthorn

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required. **Note:** *Phyllosticta solitaria* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

And

“No symptoms of *Phyllosticta solitaria* have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.”

Cydonia spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from Pear Decline Phytoplasma”

Or

“The plants which have shown symptoms similar to those caused by Pear Decline Phytoplasma at the place of production and its immediate vicinity have been removed from the production place during the last three cycles of vegetation”

And

“No symptoms of diseases caused by non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

Dendranthema spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, and *Spodoptera frugiperda* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The material derived from stocks of at most three generations has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt pospiviroid according to virological tests”

Or

“The material are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt pospiviroid during an official inspections carried out at the time of flowering”

And

“The plants or cuttings:

“Have originated in areas where no symptoms of *Puccinia horiana* have been observed in the official inspections carried out at least once monthly within the three months prior to export and no symptoms caused by *Puccinia horiana* have been observed in the immediate vicinity within the three months prior to import”

Or

“Have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against *Puccinia horiana*”

And

“In the case of unrooted cuttings, no symptoms of *Didymella ligulicola* have been observed on the cuttings or on the plants from which cuttings were derived, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of *Didymella ligulicola* have been observed on cuttings or on the rooting place (seed bed)”

And

“*Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerballa*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Spodoptera littoralis*, *Spodoptera Litura*, *Spodoptera frugiperda* and *Spodoptera eridiana* have not been observed at the place of production during the last cycle of vegetation”

Or

“An appropriate treatment against *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerballa*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Spodoptera littoralis*, *Spodoptera Litura*, *Spodoptera frugiperda* and *Spodoptera eridiana* has been implemented”

And

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in a country free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus”

Or

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of export as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus in accordance with the relevant ISPM”

Or

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and changed through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing”

Dianthus spp.

Carnation

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required. **Note:** *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants derived directly from the mother plants which have been found free from *Erwinia chrysanthemi* pv. *dianthicola*, *Burkholderia caryophylli*, *Phialophora cinerescens* through tests carried out at least once within the two previous years”

And

“No symptoms of the above harmful organisms have been observed on the plants”

And

“*Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerballa*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Spodoptera littoralis*, *Spodoptera Litura*, *Spodoptera frugiperda* and *Spodoptera eridiana* have not been observed at the place of production during the last cycle of vegetation”

Or

“An appropriate treatment against *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerballa*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Spodoptera littoralis* and, *Spodoptera Litura*, *Spodoptera frugiperda* and *Spodoptera eridiana* has been implemented”

Eriobotrya spp.

Loquat

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

Euphorbia spp.

Euphorbia

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants have been produced in areas known to be free from *Bemisia tabaci*”

And

“No signs caused by *Bemisia tabaci* have been observed during inspections carried out monthly within three months prior to export”

Fagus spp. (excluding F. sylvatica)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Fagus sylvatica

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with

the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km's where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken."

And

"The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling"

Fortunella spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*"

Fragaria spp.

Strawberry

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Originating in countries where Strawberry witches broom phytoplasma, Strawberry latent C rhabdovirus and Strawberry vein banding caulimovirus, *Aphelenchoides besseyi*, *Aphelenchoides fragariae*, *Ditylenchus dipsaci* are known to occur. **Note:** *Aphelenchoides besseyi* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants, other than those raised from seed, have been:

— either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for Strawberry witches broom phytoplasma, Strawberry latent C rhabdovirus, Strawberry vein banding caulimovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms"

Or

— derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, during the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for Strawberry witches broom phytoplasma, Strawberry latent C rhabdovirus, Strawberry vein banding caulimovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms"

And

No symptoms of diseases caused by Strawberry witches broom phytoplasma, Strawberry latent C rhabdovirus, Strawberry vein banding caulimovirus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, during the last complete vegetation cycle"

And

"No symptoms of *Aphelenchoides besseyi*, *Aphelenchoides fragariae*, *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation"

And

"The plants originate from an area known to be free from *Anthonomus signatus* and *Anthonomus bissignifer*"

And

"No symptoms of diseases caused by *Xanthomonas fragaria*, *Phytophthora*

fragariae var. *fragariae*, Arabis mosaic nepovirus, Raspberry ringspot nepovirus, Strawberry crinkle cytorhabdovirus, Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus, Strawberry mild yellow edge, Tomato black ring nepovirus and non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

Fragula californica and *Fragula purshiana*

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Fraxinus excelsior

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Gramineae of the subfamilies *Bambusoideae*, *Panicoideae*

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants have been grown in nurseries”

And

“The plants are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits”

And

“The plants have been inspected prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms and, also found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or they have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such harmful organisms”

Griselinia littoralis

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Hamamelis virginiana

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Heteromeles arbutifolia

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Humulus lupulus

Hop

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms of disease caused by *Verticillium albo-atrum* and *V. dahliae* have been observed at the place of production during the last cycle of

vegetation”

Kalmia latifolia

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Lagerstroemia spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Larix spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“Produced in nurseries under official control”

And

“No symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Laurus nobilis

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Leucothoe spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Lithocarpus densiflorus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Lonicera hispidula

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*

and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Magnolia spp. (except Magnolia grandiflora)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*”

Note: The name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Magnolia grandiflora

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*”

Note: The name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*”

And

“The samples of the plants representing the whole were officially tested for *Xylella fastidiosa* using appropriate test methods, and that in these tests neither the harmful organism nor any vector that could carry the disease was found”

Malus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Phyllosticta solitaria* and *Anoplophora chinensis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

And

“No symptoms of diseases caused by *Phyllosticta solitaria* and non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

Originating in countries where the following harmful organisms are known to occur, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Tomato ringspot nepovirus, either:

“The plants have been officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus and Tomato ringspot nepovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms,

Or

“The plants have been derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, during the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus and Tomato ringspot nepovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms”

And

“No symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, during the last complete vegetation cycle”

And

Originating in countries where *Apple proliferation phytoplasma* is known to occur:

“The plants originate in regions known to be free from *Apple proliferation phytoplasma*”

Or

“The plants, other than those raised from seeds have been:

- either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least *Apple proliferation phytoplasma* using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism,

Or

- derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, during the last six complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least *Apple proliferation phytoplasma* using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from the harmful organism,”

And

“No symptoms caused by *Apple proliferation phytoplasma* have been observed at the place of production, or no symptoms of disease caused by these organisms have been observed in the susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with

ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Marantaceae

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*”

Mespilus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

Michelia doltsopa

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“ official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exist in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Musa spp.

Banana

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is

known to occur in New Zealand. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*”
Or

“No symptoms caused by *Ralstonia solanacearum* have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*.”

Musaceae

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*.”

Nicotiana spp.

Tobacco

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*”
Or

“No symptoms caused by *Ralstonia solanacearum* have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

Osmanthus heterophyllus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Palmae (Arecaceae)

Areca catechu

Arecastrum romanzoffianum

Arenga pinnata

Borassus flabellifer

Calamus merillii

Caryota maxima
C. cumingii
Cocos nucifera
Corypha gebang (Syn.: *C. elata*, *C. utan*)
Elaeis guineensis
Howea forsteriana
Jubea chilensis
Metroxylon sagu
Oreodoxa regia (Syn.: *Roystonea regia*)
Washingtonia spp. (except *W. filifera* and *W. robusta*)
Plants of *Phoenix theophrasti*
Plants of the family *Agavaceae*
Plants of *Agave americana* intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production and its near vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Or

“No symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid have been observed on the plants during the last cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the relevant organisms have been removed from that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of *Myndus crudus*.”

And

“The production area is registered and inspected by the national phytosanitary organisation”

And

“The production area has been inspected once every three months within the past one year as well as just before the export, and found free from signs or symptoms of *Rhynchophorus ferrugineus*”

Palmae (Arecaceae)

Butia yatay
Brahea edulis
Livistona spp. (except *L. australia* and *L. decipiens* (Syn.: *L. decora*))
L. chinensis
Phoenix reclinata
P. roebelenii
Sabal spp. (except *Sabal palmetto* (Syn.: *S. umbraculifera*))
Sabal mexicana
S. minor
Syagrus romanzoffiana
Trachycarpus wagnerianus
Trithrinax campestris

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production and its near vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Or

“No symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid have been observed on the plants during the last cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the relevant organisms have been removed from that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of *Myndus crudus*.”

And

“The plants have been grown have been grown throughout their life in a country where *Paysandisia archon* is not known to occur.”

Or

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from *Paysandisia archon*, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant ISPM.”

Or

“The plants, during a period of at least two years prior to export, have been grown in a place of production:

— which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and

— where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Paysandisia archon* and

— where, during 3 official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of *Paysandisia archon* have been observed.”

Palmae (Arecaceae)

Brahea armata

Butia capitata

Chamaerops humilis

Livistonia australis

Livistona decipiens (Syn.: *L. decora*)

Phoenix canariensis

Phoenix dactylifera

Phoenix sylvestris

Sabal palmetto (Syn.: *S. umbraculifera*)

Trachycarpus fortunei

Washingtonia filifera

W. robusta

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production and its near vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Or

“No symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid have been observed on the plants during the last cycle of

vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the relevant organisms have been removed from that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of *Myndus crudus*.”

And

“The production area is registered and inspected by the national phytosanitary organisation”

And

“The production area has been inspected once every three months within the past one year as well as just before the export, and found free from signs or symptoms of *Rhynchophorus ferrugineus*”

And

“The plants have been grown have been grown throughout their life in a country where *Paysandisia archon* is not known to occur.”

Or

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from *Paysandisia archon*, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant ISPM.”

Or

“The plants, during a period of at least two years prior to export, have been grown in a place of production:

— which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and

— where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Paysandisia archon* and

— where, during 3 official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of *Paysandisia archon* have been observed.”

Palmae spp. (all other)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production and its near vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Or

“No symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid have been observed on the plants during the last cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the relevant organisms have been removed from that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of *Myndus crudus*.”

Parrotia persica

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Note: *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary

Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Pelargonium spp.

Geranium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Note: *Cacoecimorpha pronubana* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Note: *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

a) *Xiphinema americanum* (non-European populations) and other vectors of Tomato ringspot nepovirus are not known to occur

“The plants have been directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot nepovirus”

And

“The plants have been derived from a mother plant of the 4th generation stock at most, known to be free from *Tomato ringspot nepovirus* according to an officially approved virological testing”

b) *Xiphinema americanum* (non-European populations) and other vectors of Tomato ringspot nepovirus are known to occur

“The plants have officially been directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot nepovirus both in the soil and in the plants”

And

“The plants have been derived from a mother plant stock of the 2nd generation at most, known to be free from Tomato ringspot nepovirus according to an officially approved virological testing”

And

“*Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerballa*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Spodoptera littoralis*, *Spodoptera Litura*, *Spodoptera frugiperda* and *Spodoptera eridiana* have not been observed at the place of production during the last cycle of vegetation”

Or

“An appropriate treatment against *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerballa*, *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Spodoptera littoralis*, *Spodoptera Litura*, *Spodoptera frugiperda* and *Spodoptera eridiana* has been implemented”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*”

Or

“No symptoms caused by *Ralstonia solanacearum* have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

Persea spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus*

citrophilus and *Radopholus similis*.”

Photinia davidiana

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

Photinia x fraseri

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Picea spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“Produced in nurseries under official control”

And

“No symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Pieris spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Pinus spp. (excluding seed)

Conditions

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Gibberella circinata* is not known to occur in New Zealand

Additional Declarations:

"Produced in nurseries under official control"

And

"No symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation"

And

"No symptoms of *Scirrhia acicola* or *Scirrhia pini* have been observed at the place of production or in the immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last vegetation cycle"

And

"Are from a country of origin that is free of *Gibberella circinata*"

Or

"Have been grown during the complete vegetation cycle in the area free from *Gibberella circinata*, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with relevant ISPM. The name of the pest-free area shall be mentioned under the rubric "place of origin"

or

"No symptoms of *Gibberella circinata* have been observed in the official inspections made at the place of production within the two-year period before exportation and have been subjected to tests immediately before exportation."

Platanus spp.

Conditions

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Note: *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the "place of origin" section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,"

Or

"The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km's where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken."

And

"The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling"

And

"No symptoms of *Ceratocystis fimbriata* f. sp. *platani* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle."

Poncirus spp. and their hybrids

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Note: *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*."

Populus spp.

Poplar

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Note: *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the "place of origin" section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,"

Or

"The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km's where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken."

And

"The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling"

And

"No symptoms of *Melampsora medusa* or *Mycosphaerella populorum* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle"

Prunus spp.(except Prunus persica)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Plum pox potyvirus, *Xyella fastidiosa* and *Anoplophora chinensis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation"

And

"No symptoms of diseases caused by *Xanthomonas arboricola* pv. *pruni*, Apricot chlorotic leafroll phytoplasma and non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation"

And

Originating in countries where Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus are known to occur.

“The plants have been:

- either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms

Or

- derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, during the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms

And

“No symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

And

If originating in countries where Plum pox potyvirus is known to occur and the species is susceptible to Plum pox virus, *Prunus* spp. (as listed below).

Note: Plum pox potyvirus is not known to occur in New Zealand.

P. amygdalus,

P. armeniaca

P. blireiana

P. brigantina

P. cerasifera

P. cistena

P. curdica

P. domestica ssp. *domestica*

P. domestica ssp. *institia*

P. domestica ssp. *italica*

P. glandulosa

P. holosepaddy ricea

P. hortulana

P. japonica

P. mandshurica

P. maritima

P. mume

P. nigra

P. persica
P. salicina
P. sibirica
P. simonii
P. spinosa
P. tomentosa
P. tribola

And other species of *Prunus* L. susceptible to Plum pox potyvirus

“The plants, other than those raised from seeds have been:

“Either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for, at least, Plum pox potyvirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism”

Or

“Derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, during the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Plum pox potyvirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism”

And

“No symptoms of disease caused by the relevant harmful organism have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

And

“Plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Prunus persica

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** Plum pox potyvirus and *Anoplophora chinensis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“No symptoms of diseases caused by *Xanthomonas arboricola* pv. *pruni* ,

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *persicae* and non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

If originating in countries where Plum pox potyvirus is known to occur:

“The plants, other than those raised from seeds:

- have been found free from Plum pox potyvirus through at least one official test using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods with respect to Plum pox potyvirus provided that they are derived in direct line from material officially certified and under appropriate conditions”

Or

- those derived directly from material under appropriate conditions have been found free from Plum pox potyvirus through at least one official test using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods with respect to Plum pox potyvirus during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

And

“No symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox potyvirus has been observed on susceptible plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

And

“The plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of diseases caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been removed”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

Originating in countries where Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus are known to occur.

“The plants have been:

- either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under

appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms

Or

- derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, during the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms

And

“No symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus, Peach mosaic nepovirus, American plum line pattern ilarvirus, Peach rosette phytoplasma, Peach phony rickettsia (strains of *Xylella fastidiosa* specific to *Prunus* species), Peach yellows phytoplasma, Peach X-disease phytoplasma, Little cherry closterovirus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

Pseudotsuga spp (excluding *Pseudotsuga menziesii*)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants have been produced in nurseries under official control and that no symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.”

Pseudotsuga menziesii

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* and *Gibberella circinata* (syn *Fusarium circinatum*) are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“Produced in places of production which are registered and supervised by MPI

And

“Are from a country of origin that is free of *Gibberella circinata* (syn *Fusarium circinatum*)”,

Or

“Have been grown during the complete vegetation cycle in the area free from *Gibberella circinata*, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with relevant ISPM. The name of the pest-free area shall be mentioned under the rubric "place of origin"

or

“No symptoms of *Gibberella circinata* have been observed in the official

inspections made at the place of production within the two-year period before exportation and have been subjected to tests immediately before exportation.”

And

“The plants have been produced in nurseries under official control and that no symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Pyracantha spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“No symptoms of *Monilinia fructicola* have been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

And

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

And

“No symptoms of diseases caused by *Phyllosticta solitaria* and non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Pear Decline Phytoplasma*”

Or

“The plants which have shown symptoms similar to those caused by *Pear Decline Phytoplasma* at the place of production and its immediate vicinity have been removed from the production place during the last three cycles of vegetation”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone

with a radius of at least two km's where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken."

And

"The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling"

Quercus spp.

Oak

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Cryphonectria parasitica*, *Ceratocystis fagacearum* and *Phytophthora ramorum* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

"The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Cryphonectria parasitica*"

Or

"No symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle"

And

"The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ceratocystis fagacearum*"

And

"No symptoms of *Cronartium* spp. have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation"

And

"The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,"

Or

"official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*."

Rhododendron spp.

Rhododendron

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,"

Or

"official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*."

Ribes spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declaration:

"No symptoms of non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation"

Rosaceae (except *Fragaria* and *Rosa gymnocarpa*)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants have been grown in nurseries"

And

"The plants are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits"

And

"The plants have been inspected prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms and also found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such harmful organisms"

Rosa gymnocarpa

Rose

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,"

Or

"official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*."

And

At the place of production during the vegetation period no signs of *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerbella* have been observed"

Or

"At the place of production during the vegetation period an effective control has been implemented against *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerbella*"

Rosa spp (excluding *Rosa gymnocarpa*)

Rose

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Cacoecimorpha pronubana* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

"At the place of production during the vegetation period no signs of *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerbella* have been observed"

Or

"At the place of production during the vegetation period an effective control has been implemented against *Cacoecimorpha pronubana*, *Epichoristodes acerbella*"

Rubus spp.

Raspberry

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Raspberry leaf curl luteovirus is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms of diseases caused by Arabis mosaic nepovirus, Raspberry ringspot nepovirus, Strawberry latent ringspot *nepovirus*, Tomato black ring nepovirus and non-European viruses and virus-like organisms have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

1. Originating in countries where Tomato ringspot nepovirus, Black raspberry latent ilarvirus, Cherry leaf roll nepovirus, Prunus necrotic ringspot ilarvirus are known to occur;

“The plants are free from aphids, including their eggs”

2. Originating in countries where Raspberry leaf curl luteovirus, Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus are known to occur on *Rubus*;

“The plants have been officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organism,”

Or

- “The plants have been derived directly from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been found free from the relevant harmful organisms through at least one official test using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods with respect to these organisms during the last three complete cycles of vegetation”

And

“No symptoms of disease caused by the relevant organisms have been observed on susceptible plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Salix caprea

Willow

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* and *Anoplophora chinensis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“Official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

And

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section

of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Salix spp. (except *Salix caprea*)

Willow

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* and *Anoplophora chinensis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

Sequoia sempervirens

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** New Zealand is known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“ official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and

that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Solanaceae

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. Originating in countries where *Phytoplasma solani* is known to occur

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms caused by *Phytoplasma solani* have been observed on the plants at the place of production during the last complete vegetation cycle”

And

“No symptoms caused by Potato spindle tuber pospiviroid has been observed at the place of production during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Solanum lycopersicum

Tomato

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declaration required. Originating in countries where *Ralstonia solanacearum*, is known to occur.

Note: *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is known to occur in New Zealand

Note: Tomato brown rugose fruit virus is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*”

Or

“No symptoms caused by *Ralstonia solanacearum* have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

“The plants have been taken from the place of production found to be free from *Bemisia tabaci* on the official inspections carried out at least monthly within the 3 months prior to export”

Or

“No symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl begomovirus have been observed on the place of production and the places of production have been subjected to an appropriate treatment to ensure that they are free from *Bemisia tabaci*”

And

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in a country free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus”

Or

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of export as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus in accordance with the relevant ISPM”

Or

“The plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and changed through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing”

And

“The plants have been derived from the seeds found to be free from Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV) by analysis using the RT-PCR Method and these analyses have shown them to be free from ToBRFV”

And

“The plants intended for planting have been produced in a production site, which is registered and inspected by the national plant protection organization

in New Zealand, and is known to be free of ToBRFV during official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect ToBRFV; and in case of symptoms, tested for ToBRFV and found to be free from ToBRFV”

And

Note: The registered production site name must be provided under the Additional Declaration section of the phytosanitary certificate, as follows:

“This declares that [*Insert registered production site name*] is a registered production site where the plants are produced.”

Solanum melongena

Eggplant

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Ralstonia solanacearum* Race 1 is known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

And

Originating in countries where *Ralstonia solanacearum* is known to occur

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum*”

Or

“No symptoms caused by *Ralstonia solanacearum* have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

And

Originating in countries where Potato Stolbur phytoplasma is known to occur

“No symptoms caused by Potato Stolbur phytoplasma have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation”

Sorbus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“In countries where *Erwinia amylovora* is known to occur, no symptoms of disease caused by the said harmful organism have been observed at the place of production and its immediate vicinity”

Spartina spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate additional declarations required.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants have been grown in nurseries”

And

“The plants are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits”

And

“The plants have been inspected prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms and, also found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or they have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such harmful organisms”

Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and

additional declaration required. **Note:** *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis* are not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in countries known to be free from *Radopholus citrophilus* and *Radopholus similis*.”

Syringa spp. (excluding *S. vulgaris*)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Syringa vulgaris

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Taxus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Trientalis latifolia

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and

that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Tsuga spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“Produced in nurseries under official control”

And

“No symptoms of *Melampsora medusae* have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Ulmus spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

“The plants must have been produced during the last complete vegetation cycle in a place of production which is registered and supervised by MPI and which is located in an area free of *Anoplophora chinensis*, in accordance with ISPM 4. The name of this area must be stated in the “place of origin” section of the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“The plants must have been grown in a place of production free from *Anoplophora chinensis* during a period of two years prior to export, which is registered and supervised by MPI, which has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* carried out at appropriate times. The plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Anoplophora chinensis* or with the application of preventative treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least two km’s where official surveys are carried out annually. In case *Anoplophora chinensis* is found, eradication measures are immediately taken.”

And

“The plants have been subjected to inspection which includes destructive sampling”

And

“No symptoms of Elm phloem necrosis phytoplasma have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity during the last complete vegetation cycle.”

Note: *Anoplophora chinensis* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Umbellularia californica

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Uniola spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants have been grown in nurseries”

And

“The plants are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits”

And

“The plants have been inspected prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms and, also found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or they have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such harmful organisms”

Vaccinium ovatum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Viburnum spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Phytophthora ramorum* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants originate in areas known to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* and the name of the place of production must be written on the Phytosanitary Certificate,”

Or

“official inspections undertaken since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, if symptoms exists in the laboratory tests made upon suspicious indications, no symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* have been observed, and that representative sample taken from the plants before shipment has been examined and that the plant is found to be free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.”

Vitis spp.

Grapevine

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** Grapevine Flavescence doree phytoplasma is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“No symptoms of Grapevine Flavescence doree phytoplasma and *Xylophilus ampelinus* have been observed on the mother-stock plants at the place of production during the last two complete cycles of vegetation”

And

“The grapevine plants originating in countries where Grapevine flavescence doree phytoplasma is known to occur have been grown within the framework of a certification program and has been found to be free from Grapevine flavescence doree phytoplasma as determined by official tests”

4.3.3 Tissue Culture (In vitro plant material)

General Requirements

Please note these requirements are in addition to the relevant additional declarations listed in section 3.3; Commodity Class Requirements

Palmae spp.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The tissue cultures are derived from plants which originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production and its near vicinity during the last complete cycle of vegetation”

Or

“The tissue cultures are derived from plants where no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma and Coconut cadang cadang cocadviroid have been observed on the plants during the last cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the relevant organisms have been removed from that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of *Myndus crudus*.”

Fragaria spp.

Strawberry

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The plants in tissue culture have been derived from plants which no symptoms of *Aphelenchoides besseyi*, *Aphelenchoides fragariae*, *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed on plants at the place of production during the last complete vegetation cycle, or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*, *Aphelenchoides fragariae*, *Ditylenchus dipsaci*”

4.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Capsicum spp. (except Capsicum annuum)

Pepper

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. The specified additional declaration can be used depending on its resistance to ToBRFV.

Additional Declaration:

(For varieties which are known to be resistant to ToBRFV)

"The product is an officially approved variety as being resistant to ToBRFV"

Or

(For varieties which are not known to be resistant to ToBRFV)

"The (mother) plants from which the seeds were obtained, have been produced in a production site where ToBRFV is known not to occur, on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect ToBRFV"

And

"The seeds or their mother plants have been analyzed by RT-PCR method and found to be free of ToBRFV"

And

"Information providing the traceability of the production site of the (mother) plants from which the seeds are obtained".

Capsicum annuum

Pepper

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. The specified additional declaration can be used depending on its resistance to ToBRFV.

Additional Declaration:

(For varieties which are known to be resistant to ToBRFV)

"The product is an officially approved variety as being resistant to ToBRFV"

Or

(For varieties which are not known to be resistant to ToBRFV)

"The (mother) plants from which the seeds were obtained, have been produced in a production site where ToBRFV is known not to occur, on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect ToBRFV"

And

"The seeds or their mother plants have been analyzed by RT-PCR method and found to be free of ToBRFV"

And

"Information providing the traceability of the production site of the (mother) plants from which the seeds are obtained".

And

The seeds originate in country where the presence of Tomato mottle mosaic virus (ToMMV), Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASVd), Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd) is not known to occur.

Or

"The seeds originate **from an area** where the presence of Tomato mottle mosaic virus (ToMMV), Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASVd), Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd) is known to occur."

And

“The seeds originate in [*Insert place of production name*] known to be free from Tomato mottle mosaic virus (ToMMV), Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASVd) and Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd).”

AND

“The seeds have been analyzed by the exporting country using the RT-PCR Method for ToMMV, TASVd, PCFVd and that the product is free from these agents.”

Cucurbita pepo

Squash

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds originate in country where Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus (ToLCNDV) is not known to occur.”

Or

“The seeds originate from an area where the presence of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus (ToLCNDV) is known to occur.”

And

“The seeds originate in [*Insert place of production name*] known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus (ToLCNDV).”

And

“The seeds have been analyzed by the exporting country using Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-qPCR) method, in terms of ToLCNDV and the product was found to be free of the vectors in question.”

And

“The seeds were produced in an area where official controls have been carried out by the National Plant Protection Organization according to the relevant ISPM during the season and the ToLCNDV vector *Bemisia tabaci* was not detected and it is free from pest”

Or

“The seeds originate from plants that have been subjected to an appropriate treatment for eradication of ToLCNDV vector *Bemisia tabaci* in the production areas where the plants are produced.”

Helianthus annuus

Sunflower

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Plasmopara halstedii*”

Or

“The seeds, other than those produced from varieties resistant to all races of *Plasmopara halstedii*, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against this harmful organism”

Medicago sativa

Alfalfa

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. Originating in countries where *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *insidiosus* is known to occur

Additional Declaration:

“*Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *insidiosus* has not been known to occur at the place of production and its vicinity in the last 10 years”

Or

“The crops;

- belong to varieties recognised as being highly resistant to *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *insidiosus*,”

Or

-“it had not yet started its fourth complete cycle of vegetation from sowing when the seed was harvested and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop,”

And

- “the content of inert matter does not exceed 0.1 % by weight”,

And

“No symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *insidiosus* have been observed at the place of production or on any *Medicago sativa* crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation”

And

“The crop has been grown on land on which no previous *Medicago sativa* crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing”

And

“No symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and it has been found free from *Ditylenchus dipsaci* according to the laboratory tests carried out on a representative sample”

Or

“Fumigation has been carried out prior to export”

Oryza sativa

Paddy seeds

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Aphelencooides besseyi* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds have been found free from *Aphelencooides besseyi* as a result of an appropriate nematological test”

Or

“The seeds have been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against *Aphelencooides besseyi*”

Phaseolus spp.

Bean

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds originate in areas free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli*”

Or

“A representative sample of seeds has been tested and found to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli*”

Pinus spp.

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** *Gibberella circinata* (syn. *Fusarium circinatum*) is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

"Produced in places of production which is registered and supervised"

And

"Are from a country of origin that is free of *Gibberella circinata* (syn. *Fusarium circinatum*)"

Pseudotsuga menziesii

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. **Note:** of *Gibberella circinata* (syn. *Fusarium circinatum*) is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

"Produced in places of production which is registered and supervised"

And

"Are from a country of origin that is free of *Gibberella circinata* (syn. *Fusarium circinatum*)"

Solanum lycopersicum

Tomato

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Note: Tomato brown rugose fruit virus is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declarations:

"The seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction method, or another method internationally certified as equivalent,

And

"The seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *michiganensis*, *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* and Potato spindle tuber viroid"

Or

"No symptoms of diseases caused by *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *michiganensis*, *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* and Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation"

Or

"The seeds have been subjected to official testing for the said harmful organisms, the test had been carried out and on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and the seeds have been found, in these tests, free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *michiganensis*, *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *vesicatoria* and Potato spindle tuber viroid"

And

"The mother plants, from which the seeds were obtained, have been produced in a production site where ToBRFV is known not to occur, on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect ToBRFV"

And

"The seeds or their mother plants have been analyzed by RT-PCR method and found to be free of ToBRFV"

And

"This declares that [*Insert registered production site name*] is a registered production site where the seeds are produced"

And

"Information providing the traceability of the production site of the (mother) plants from which the seeds are obtained".

And

“The seeds originate in country where Tomato mottle mosaic virus (ToMMV), Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASVd), Columnea latent viroid (CLVd), Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd), Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid (TCDVd) and Tomato planta macho viroid (TPMVd) is not known to occur.”

Or

“The seeds originate from an area where the presence of Tomato mottle mosaic virus (ToMMV), Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASVd), Columnea latent viroid (CLVd), Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd), Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid (TCDVd) and Tomato planta macho viroid (TPMVd) is known to occur.”

And

“The seeds originate in [Insert place of production name] known to be free from Tomato mottle mosaic virus (ToMMV), Tomato apical stunt viroid (TASVd), Columnea latent viroid (CLVd), Pepper chat fruit viroid (PCFVd), Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid (TCDVd) and Tomato planta macho viroid (TPMVd).”

And

“The seeds have been analyzed by the exporting country using the Real Time Polymerase Chain Reaction RT-PCR Method for ToMMV, TASVd, CLVd, PCFVd, TCDVd and TPMVd that the product is free from these agents.”

Triticum spp.

Wheat

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Treatment

Seeds should be treated with fungicide prior to export.

Note: Treated seeds will be subjected to laboratory analysis for presence of *Tilletia indica* and *Tilletia controversa* on arrival.

Zea mays

Maize

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. **Note:** *Pantoea stewartii* (syn. *Erwinia stewartii*) is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds originate in areas free from *Pantoea stewartii*”

Or

“A representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from *Pantoea stewartii*”

4.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

Oryza sativa

Edible paddy husks

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Note: *Aphelencoides besseyi* is not known to occur in New Zealand.

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds have been found free from *Aphelencoides besseyi* as a result of an appropriate nematological test”

Or

“The seeds have been subjected to hot water or another appropriate treatment against *Aphelencoides besseyi*”

Triticum spp.

Wheat

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Note: Seeds will be subjected to laboratory analysis for presence of *Tilletia indica* and *Tilletia controversa*. The seeds will also be subjected to macroscopic controls using blind grain density caused by *Tilletia caries* and *Tilletia foetida* on arrival.

4.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing

Gossypium spp.

Cotton (Seeds, Fiber and cottonseed oil, Waste)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional Declaration:

Seed:

“The seed has been cleaned and acid delinted and no symptoms of *Glomerella gossypii* have been observed at the place of production during (since the beginning of) the last cycle of vegetation and that a representative quantity of the seed has been tested and found free from *Glomerella gossypii*”

Fiber and cottonseed oil:

“The fiber and crash seed for oil do not contain plant debris”

Husk:

“The husk has been fumigated”

4.5 Growing Media and Packing Material

Soil and growing medium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. Soil and growing medium attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark or consisting in part of any solid inorganic substance, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants

Additional Declaration:

“The growing medium, at the time of planting, was free from soil, and organic matter,

Or

“found free from insects and harmful nematodes and subjected to appropriate examination or heat treatment or fumigation to ensure that it was free from other harmful organisms”

Or

“Subjected to appropriate heat treatment or fumigation to ensure freedom from harmful organisms”

And

“Since planting, appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from harmful organisms,

or

“Within two weeks prior to dispatch, the plants were shaken free from the medium leaving the minimum amount necessary to sustain vitality during transport”

If replanted, the growing medium used for that purpose meets the requirements laid down in the additional declaration (1).

Turfs obtained solely from Sphagnum moss

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

“The turf has been obtained from non-agricultural areas and have not been used before”

And

“Is free from harmful organisms as determined by laboratory analyses”

Other turfs and growing medium to be used in sowing or planting

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional Declaration:

The turfs and growing medium to be used in sowing or planting;

“Do not contain soil”

And

“The media have been subjected to fumigation or heat treatment to ensure freedom from harmful organisms”

Wood packaging

Conditions:

The wood packaging should be marked according to ISPM 15 standards. The wood should be stripped of all bark.

For further information refer to Türkiye’s Forestry Phytosanitary Requirements:

<http://www.mpi.govt.nz/law-and-policy/requirements/importing-countries-phytosanitary-requirements/forestry-icprs/turkey/>

4.6 Microorganisms, Microbiologicals and Laboratory Specimens

Conditions:

None specified

4.7 Miscellaneous

Conditions:

None specified

Annex A – Plants and Plant Products that Must be Accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate

CN (HC TC) Code	DESCRIPTION
06.01	<i>Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, (dormant, in growth or in flower); chicory plants and roots, (other than roots of heading 12.12)</i>
06.02	<i>Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; mushroom spawn</i>
06.03	<i>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes (fresh ones)</i>
06.04	<i>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes (fresh ones)</i>
07.01	<i>Potatoes (fresh or chilled):</i>
07.02.00.00.00.00	<i>Tomatoes (fresh or chilled)</i>
07.03	<i>Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables (fresh or chilled)</i>
07.04	<i>Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas (fresh or chilled)</i>
07.05	<i>Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium spp.</i>) (fresh or chilled)</i>
07.06	<i>Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots (fresh or chilled)</i>
0707.00	<i>Cucumbers and gherkins (fresh or chilled)</i>
07.08	<i>Leguminous vegetables (shelled or unshelled) (fresh or chilled):</i>
07.09	<i>Other vegetables (fresh or chilled)</i>
0712.90.11.00.00	<i>Sweet corn (<i>Zea mays var. saccharata</i>):Dried vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared:For sowing (hybrid)</i>
07.13	<i>Dried leguminous vegetables (unshelled) (whether or not skinned or split)</i>
07.14	<i>Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content (fresh, chilled)</i>
0801.12.00.00.00	<i>Endocarpal coconut</i>
0801.19.00.00.00	<i>Coconuts, excluding desiccated</i>
0801.21.00.00.00	<i>Brazil nuts in shell</i>
0801.31.00.00.00	<i>Cashew nuts in shell</i>
0802.11	<i>Almonds in shell</i>
0802.21.00.00.00	<i>Hazelnuts or filberts (<i>Corylus spp.</i>)</i>
0802.31.00.00.00	<i>Walnuts in shell</i>
0802.41.00.00.00	<i>Chestnuts (<i>Castanea Spp.</i>)</i>
0802.51.00.00.00	<i>Pistachios in shell</i>
0802.61.00.00.00	<i>Macadamia nuts</i>

0802.70.00.00.00	<i>Cola nut (Cola spp.)</i>
0802.90	<i>Other nuts, fresh or dried</i>
0803.00	<i>Bananas (including plantains) (fresh ones)</i>
0804.10.00.00.00	<i>Dates</i>
0804.20.10.00.00	<i>Fresh Figs</i>
0804.30.00.00.00	<i>Pineapples</i>
0804.40.00.00.00	<i>Avocados</i>
0804.50	<i>Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens</i>
08.05	<i>Citrus fruit (fresh ones) (other than dried citrus in CN code 0805.90.00.00.12)</i>
08.06.10	<i>Grapes (fresh)</i>
08.07	<i>Melons (including watermelons) and Papaws (papayas) (fresh):</i>
08.08	<i>Apples, pears and quinces (fresh)</i>
08.09	<i>Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes (fresh):</i>
08.10	<i>Other fruits (fresh)</i>
0813.50.39.00.00	<i>Other (Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits of papaws, tamarinds, cashew apples, lychees, jackfruit, prunes, coconut, Brazilian nuts and Kaju nut)</i>
0814.00.00.00.00	<i>Peel of citrus fruits or melons (including watermelons) (fresh ones)</i>
0901.11.00.00.00	<i>Coffee, not decaffeinated (not roasted)</i>
10.01	<i>Wheat and meslin:</i>
1002.00.00.00.00	<i>Rye</i>
1003.00	<i>Barley:</i>
1004.00	<i>Oats</i>
10.05	<i>Maize (corn):</i>
1006.10	<i>Rice in the husk (paddy):</i>
1006.10.10.00.00	<i>Rice in the husk (paddy or rough) For sowing</i>
1007.00	<i>Grain sorghum:</i>
10.08	<i>Buckwheat, millet and canary seed; other cereals</i>
1201.00.10.00.00	<i>Soya Beans, whether or not broken: For sowing</i>
1201.00.90.00.00	<i>Soya Beans, whether or not broken: Other</i>
1202.10.10.00.00	<i>Ground-nuts in shell, not roasted or otherwise cooked: For sowing</i>
1202.10.90.00.00	<i>Ground-nuts in shell, not roasted or otherwise cooked: Other</i>
1202.20.00.00.00	<i>Ground-nuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken: Unshelled (whether or not broken)</i>
1203.00.00.00.00	<i>Copra</i>
1204.00	<i>Linseed (excluding broken ones)</i>
1205.10.10.00.00	<i>Low erucic acid rape or colza seed for sowing</i>
1205.10.90.00.00	<i>Low erucic acid rape or colza seed. Other</i>
1205.90.00.00.00	<i>Other – (Rape or colza seeds and Low erucic acid rape or colza seed):</i>
1206.00	<i>Sunflower seeds (whether or not broken)</i>
12.07	<i>Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits (whether or not broken)</i>

12.09	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing
1210.10.00.00.00	Hop cones (neither ground nor powdered nor in the form of pellets)
12.11	Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits) (of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes) (fresh ones)
1212.21.00.10.00	Seaweeds and other algae used for human consumption, fresh, dried, chilled or frozen: Mainly those used in medicine, perfumery and similar works
1212.21.00.90.00	Seaweeds and other algae used for human consumption, fresh, dried, chilled or frozen: Other (Fresh ones)
1212.91.80.00.00	Sugar beet, fresh, dried, chilled or frozen Other (Fresh)
1212.99.20.00.00	Vegetable products used primarily for human consumption, fresh or dried. Sugar cane (Fresh)
1212.99.30.00.00	Locust beans and Locust bean seeds
1212.99.41.00.00	Vegetable products used primarily for human consumption, fresh or dried. Not decorticated, crushed or ground (Locust bean seeds)
1212.99.49.00.00	Vegetable products used primarily for human consumption, fresh or dried, Other Locust bean seeds
1212.99.70.00.13	Sweet sorghum (saccharatum) fresh or dried
1212.99.70.00.14	Apricot, peach (including nectarine) and plum stones
1212.99.70.00.19	Vegetable products used primarily for human consumption, fresh or dried, and
1214.90	Other forage products
1404.20.00.00.00	Cotton linters (Cotton wool)
1404.90.00.30.00	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in the manufacture of brooms and brushes (for example, broomcorn, piassava, couch-grass and istle), (whether or not in hanks or bundles) [only broomcorn (Sorghum spp.)]
1404.90.00.92.14	Acorn
1404.90.00.92.16	Coke nut
1404.90.00.99.19	Other
1801.00.00.00.11	Cocoa beans (raw)
24.01	Unmanufactured tobacco and tobacco refuse (excluding 2401.20 partly or wholly stemmed, stripped)
2703.00	Peat (including peat litter) (whether or not agglomerated)
44.01;	For Wood Packaging and Forestry Exports refer to the Türkiye Forestry ICPR
44.03;44.04;44.06;44.07;44.15;	
44.16.00; 4501.10.00.00.00	
5201.00.90.00.00	Other - Cotton, not carded or combed, other than rendered absorbent or bleached)
5202.10.00.00.19	Yarn waste of cotton. Other (ie. Other than yarn waste and thread waste)

5202.91.00.00.12	<i>Garnetted stock of cotton: comb waste</i>
5202.91.00.00.19	<i>Other (i.e. Other than carded, comb and cotton waste)</i>
5202.99.00.00.12	<i>comb waste (other than garnetted waste)</i>
5202.99.00.00.18	<i>Other (other than cotton , comb and carded waste)</i>
9603.10.00.00.00	<i>Brooms and brushes, consisting of twigs or other vegetable materials bound together (with or without handles)</i>

